

Regd. No. B. 1000

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 275 — BOMBAY: MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1944 — Price: 2 Annas

OPTICIANS
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.E. SIR JOHN COLVILLE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
365, HORNBY RD. ETC., BOMBAY

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

Americans Capture Geilenkirchen

Eisenhower's 3-Pronged Drive Goes On Unchecked

LONDON, November 19.

The German news agency says that the Americans have captured Geilenkirchen, at 13-00 hours to-day.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at S. H. A. E. F., Paris, Sunday: Gen. Eisenhower's three-pronged drive into the main gateways to the Reich is going on unchecked.

The joint British-American assault towards the Ruhr has isolated and passed beyond Geilenkirchen.

Gen. Patton's men have bitten a mile and half deeper into Germany near the Luxemburg border, and French troops have pushed on to within four miles of the fortress of Belfort, which threatens to be as ineffective as Metz. No road runs through the narrow escape gap, north-east of Geilenkirchen, and the railway to Bladbach has been cut by British forces at Suggarath, two miles from Geilenkirchen.

Bypassing forces which took Humshoven and Prummern, east of Geilenkirchen, are now threatening the road junction of Linnich, fighting seven miles inside Germany. The villages of Setterich and Siersdorf, just south of the Geilenkirchen-Duren road which has already been cut, are almost encircled.

NINTH ARMY'S PROGRESS

The Ninth Army is making progress east and south-east of Baesweler, five and a half miles south-east of Geilenkirchen. Gen. Patton's push into Germany near the Luxembourg frontier was carried on north-wards beyond Perl, to take the towns of Besch and Wochern. This represents a two-and-a-half-mile drive into the Reich by Third Army troops. For a stretch of 15 miles in this area, the Americans are closing up to the frontier with advances of as much as four miles at some points. The whole front north of Metz is sweeping eastwards against light opposition and advances of up to eight miles are frequent.

VICINITY OF HELDEN REACHED

S.H.A.E.F., (Paris), Nov. 19.

Gen. Eisenhower's 'communique' to-day states: "Allied bridgeheads across Derivation Canal have been enlarged. We have cut the Meijel-Panningen Road, and reached the vicinity of Helden. Opposition was light, but many mines were encountered.

Units to the north have freed Niederheide, and made gains of 1,500 yards farther east. Units to the south launched an attack at first light yesterday in the face of moderate opposition and freed Hunshoven and Purmmern. We are in the outskirts of Suggerath.

Farther south we have taken a number of towns including Puffendorf, and contained two counter-attacks.

Farther south Allied forces have entered Germany near the Luxembourg border, and are in the town of Buschdorf. Other elements are at Ritzing and in Halstroff area. We also have units in Schwerdorf and Heckling.

12 TOWNS FREED

Our forces are at the north and south edges of Metz. Gains of up to two miles in the Blamont-Saint Die sector have freed 12 towns including Raon Letape. In the Meurthe Valley which was found heavily mined more villages have been set on fire by the enemy.

Our forces in the Belfort gap have freed many towns, and driven to within a few miles of Belfort. Along the Swiss border we have advanced nearly 20 miles in three days.

Communication and supply lines behind the enemy lines from Nijmegen to Belfort were attacked by medium and fighter bombers in strength yesterday.

MUNSTER BOMBED

Munster, centre of rail and water transport, was hit by a strong force of escorted heavy bombers. Close support for our attacking troops was given in all sectors by fighter bombers. In the areas of Eschweiler and Duren troops concentrations and military barracks were hit by medium and light bombers.

Near the towns of Geilenkirchen, Julich, Duren, Stolberg and Grevenbroich troops, armoured units, gun positions and strong points were strafed in low-level attacks.

BRIDGE & BARRACKS BOMBARDED

Allied Advance Headquarters, Mediterranean, Nov. 19:

To-day's 'communique' states: "The French cruiser "Georges Leygues" carried out bombardment of a bridge and barracks near the Franco-Italian frontier. In all she fired nearly 250 rounds and obtained direct hits. On the same date in the same area the French destroyer "L'Alcyon" engaged enemy pill-boxes and troop concentrations with good results.

British troops are operating with the Yugoslavs in Montenegro.

On November 17 in the Northern Adriatic the British destroyers "Lauderdale" and "Eggesford" bombarded enemy positions on Rab Island. Nearly all the salvoes were on the target.

Army: British troops of the Eighth Army have captured Golfara, a small village nearly a mile east of Montefortino where Polish troops have been engaged in heavy fighting. On the remainder of the front patrols have been active.

Air: Strong forces of Fifteenth Allied Air Force heavy bombers yesterday attacked airfields in North-East Italy, targets in the Vienna area and German troops concentrations in Yugoslavia.

British troops of the land forces of the Adriatic are co-operating with units of the Yugoslav Army of National Liberation in Montenegro and Herezegovina, and are in contact with the enemy. These operations are being supported by aircraft of the Balkan air force."

30 Crores For Bihar's Post-War Planning

PATNA, Nov. 19: A plan for widespread development of communications in Bihar after the war at a cost of Rs. 30 crores is being prepared, it is learnt by the Post-War Reconstruction Section of the Bihar Public Works Department.

A network of transcadam roads will link all parts of the Province, converging at Patna, capital of the Province.—A. P.



WESTERN SUBURBS OF METZ AND FORTS CAPTURED

German Town Of Sehndorf Falls

GENEVA, Nov. 18: By noon today the German retreat along the Swiss frontier has become a disordered rout it was reported here tonight.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the American Third Army Saturday night: The West-

Metz Completely Surrounded

FROM REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT AT THE THIRD ARMY HEADQUARTERS: METZ IS COMPLETELY SURROUNDED. THE LAST HIGHWAY OUT OF THE CITY HAS BEEN CUT.—REUTER.

ern suburbs of Metz have been captured. Fort Julien, one mile north-east of Metz and two small Forts four and half miles from the city Kellerman and Saint Lorraine, are in the hands of General Patton's men.

Elements of the third Cavalry group which advanced a mile and a half into the Reich to-day entered the German town of Sehndorf and took Ritzing one and three-quarter miles from the German border.—Reuter.

Arabs Ask Roosevelt To Retract Palestine Statements

CAIRO, Nov. 19: Four Arab political societies, after a meeting in Cairo today, cabled President Roosevelt, asking him, now that he has been re-elected, to retract his pre-election statements favouring the Jewish settlement in Palestine. The message reaffirms the Arab policy to spare no money or lives in their struggle against Zionism.—Reuter.

MOSCOW, Nov. 18: The supplement to tonight's (Saturday's) Soviet communique said "Forging ahead our troops dislodged enemy from the railway station of Hort and cut an important highway. More than 800 of the enemy were left on the field of action.—Reuter.

Stalin Massing Famous Army Groups

MOSCOW, November 19.

Marshal Stalin is to-day massing his most famous army groups from East-Prussia down through Poland on the shortest route to Germany.

Meanwhile the hour of decision is approaching in the battle for Budapest. Observers here believe it is in the last phase.

PINCER ATTACK

Marshal Malinovsky has opened a pincer attack on the key road bastion of Eger in north-east Hungary.—Reuter.

STRATEGIC CENTRE SHIFTS

From Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow, Sunday:

The strategic centre of the battle for Hungary is moving north-east tonight away from Budapest. Marshal Malinovsky appears to be planning to destroy or at any rate completely neutralise the Germans north-eastern grouping before he launches his main attack against the Hungarian capital.

The struggle along the Budapest-Miskolc Railway is drawing to a close. Apart from its importance as a line of communication, the railway with its embankments and buildings forms part of the German and Hungarian defence scheme which the Russians must break-through in order to penetrate into areas north of Budapest and from north-west towards Bratislava, capital of Slovakia.

VIENNA OIL BASIN ATTACKED

From Reuter's special correspondent at Allied Headquarters Mediterranean, (Sunday):

Germany's only remaining source of natural oil—the Vienna oil basin was to-day attacked by heavy bombers from Italy. They struck at oil targets in Vienna area and at Linz, 95 miles to the west.

EXCITED SCENES IN LEAGUE MEETING

Younger Section Objects To Nazimuddin's Agreed List For Executive Election

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18: Excited scenes were witnessed at the second day's sitting of the Bengal Muslim League Council, held this morning, Maulana Akramkhan presiding, to elect office-bearers of the Executive Committee of the Council.

Moulana Akramkhan was elected President unanimously, Mr. Abul Hashim, the outgoing Secretary, was elected Secretary and Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani was re-elected treasurer.

OBJECTION BY YOUNGER SECTION

Thereafter Sir Nazimuddin Sunrawardy proposing 20 names for election to the Executive Committee said that it was an agreed list and part and parcel of the compromise arrived at by the united efforts.

Objection to the list was, however, raised by the younger section who maintained that the compromise was in respect of election of the President and Secretary and so far as members of the Executive were concerned, their election should be left to free voting of members.

The President recommended to the house acceptance of the list.

Sir Nazimuddin stated that if the list was not accepted in its entirety, the President and the Secretary might resign and he himself would also step aside.

Mr. Lalmiah said that the "so-called" agreed list was not known to the Secretary.

Replying, Sir Nazimuddin stated that the agreed list was arrived at from the lists submitted to them and one of them was submitted by the Secretary himself.

A ballot was, however, demanded and eventually the Council was adjourned till tomorrow for election of the Executive Committee.

Sir Nazimuddin appealed for acceptance of the list in the ballot to be held tomorrow.—United Press.

CHINA TO ENTER NEW DECISIVE PHASE

Donald Nelson Optimistic: Wedemeyer On Four-fold Jap Objective

CHUNGKING, Nov. 19.

Mr. Donald Nelson, President Roosevelt's personal envoy to China after conferring with Marshal Chiang-kai-Shek stated it is conceivable China may be about to enter a new decisive phase in her prolonged war effort.

IN FULL AGREEMENT

He added both he and Gen. Patrick A. Hurley, President Roosevelt's Personal Representative in the Middle and Near East, were encouraged by the measures already under way and in full agreement with the measures taken to increase China's production."

Brig.-Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer, who replaced Gen. Stilwell as Chief of Staff to Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek and head of the United States forces in China stated that he had already submitted a "simple, sound and effective plan" to meet any eventuality in China.

Jap Designs

Gen. Wedemeyer told a Press Conference that the Japanese might do one of four things in Kwangsi, south-west China. They might turn to the south to establish land communications with Indo-China, push westwards to widen their corridor, launch a drive to the bend of the Yellow River, heading for Sian or Chengtu, or advance on Kweiyang north-west of Liuchow.

JAPS COUNTER-ATTACK FROM BHAMO

KANDY, Nov. 19: Following is today's S.E.A.C. communique:

NORTHERN BURMA: The Japanese in Bhamo yesterday, employing tanks, counter-attacked from the south-east sector of the town and gained from three to four hundred yards but were then halted by troops of the Chinese 38th Division, who knocked out two tanks. To the east other units of the Chinese 38th Division cleared up the last Japanese pocket in Momauk area, clearing the road from Bhamo to Momauk and Myothit.

To the south-east Chinese troops have now cleared the Bhamo-Namkham Road from Bhamo to one mile. Chinese troops from the Shewegu area continue their patrol activity.

CHINDWIN FRONT: East African troops moving south along the Chindwin River are engaging the enemy near Paluzawa, 16 miles north of Kalewa. Isolated Japanese continue to resist at Indianggale six miles to the north-east.

ARAKAN: West African patrols have reached Paletwa, in Kaladan Valley, and found it deserted.

On November 17 attacks in Central and Southern Burma and north-west Siam caused damage to factories, road and river traffic, a railway bridge and rolling stock.

One Allied aircraft is missing.—A. P.

REPATRIATION OF BRITISH TROOPS

BOMBAY, Nov. 19: Several British tommies are awaiting repatriation to the United Kingdom at a busy transit camp not far from Bombay. Some of them are from Burma, including some from the "Chindits" and others who have had long spells in the Middle East as well as in India.

INDO-BURMA-CHINA OIL PIPELINE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

One of the most jealously guarded secrets of the India-Burma-China theatre is revealed today in the announcement that an oil pipeline is being laid from India through Burma into China to alleviate the acute oil shortage in that hard pressed country.

Starting at Calcutta, the pipeline—built by Americans already makes its way through Bengal and Assam, and over the Patkai mountains into Burma, where it is proceeding down the Hukawng and Mogaung valleys behind the Allied forces engaged in fighting for the possession of Bhamo.

This pipeline is already being used by troops on the India side of the "stump." On its way up to Assam it services Indian bases from which "B-29 Superfortresses" recently raided the Japanese-held port of Singapore.

PUNJAB CONGRESS M. L. A.'s TO ATTEND ASSEMBLY

LAHORE, Nov. 19.

The Punjab Assembly Congress Party at a meeting to-day in the Assembly Chamber unanimously decided to attend the coming December session of the Legislature.

It is understood that the Party has decided to oppose the official Members' Allowances (Amendment) Bill which seeks to increase the monthly honorarium of the members from Rs. 200 to Rs. 300.

RELEASE DETENUS

The immediate and unconditional release of all political prisoners, detenus and security prisoners in the Punjab is demanded in a resolution unanimously passed by the Punjab Assembly Congress Party.

Through another resolution the Party demanded the release of those of its members who are still in jail and urged the Unionist Ministry to withdraw the restrictions on those members, who though outside jail, are banned from attending the Assembly.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 19.

"Air raid warning was sounded in Calcutta mid-morning 19 November to be followed shortly after by the 'raiders passed' when the aircrafts were identified as "friendly", states a first report compiled from civil, military and air force headquarters and issued by combined headquarters, Eastern India.—A. P.

Non-Party Committee To Tackle Communal And Political Problem

Mahatma Promises Unreserved Co-operation: To Smoothen Work Congressmen Must Be Released, Says Sapru

NEW DELHI, November 19.

The Standing Committee of the Non-Party Conference has decided to appoint a committee to suggest a solution of the communal and political problems. This decision has the wholehearted support of Mahatma Gandhi, who has promised full co-operation in the work of the proposed committee.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, President Non-Party Conference, made these announcements this evening in releasing the resolution passed by the Standing Committee, at its meeting here yesterday and today.

The resolution runs: "The Standing Committee of the Non-Party Conference, having considered the present situation in view of the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks on the communal issue, hereby resolves to appoint a committee which will examine the whole communal and minorities question from a constitutional and political point of view, put itself in touch with different parties and their leaders, including the minorities interested in the question, and present a solution within two months to the Standing Committee of the Non-Party Conference. The Standing Committee will take all reasonable steps to get that solution accepted by all parties concerned. The Standing Committee authorises Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to appoint members of the committee and announce their names in due course."

Sir Tej Bahadur, speaking at a Press Conference, stated that he had placed before Gandhiji at Wardha the idea of a committee of the kind now decided upon, and Gandhiji had said:

"I shall unreservedly co-operate with it. You can call me whenever you like; put me any questions you like; ask me for any assistance you like."

AMBEDKAR MAY HELP

Sir Tej Bahadur said it was Mahatma Gandhi's idea and he agreed with it that there should be on the committee no one who was a partisan or one who had expressed himself violently on political issues of the country. It was also the idea that there should be one or two retired judges who would bring a judicial mind to bear on the country's problems. Sir Tej Bahadur had received replies from two or three persons who had been approached. He had good reasons to believe that Dr. Ambedkar would be able to help with advice and suggestions, though of course because of his official position he would not be on the committee. Sir Tej Bahadur had one or two European names before him, and if they were prepared to help the committee, he was willing to have them.

In reply to a correspondent, Sir Tej Bahadur said it was his intention to approach Mr. Jinnah in due course.

Sir Tej Bahadur agreed with a Press correspondent's suggestion that the basic conception of the committee was that the discussion of the communal and political problem should be lifted from the partisan level to the scientific and judicial level.

The committee as soon as it was constituted would put itself in touch with every single leader of prominence in the country. Personally, he would not mind any rebuff; or anyone telling the committee: "You are nobody, you have no goods to deliver." It was entirely optional for any persons to help the committee.

It was the intention that every document placed before the committee should be published. The whole material together with the committee's report would be put before the country.

CONCILIATION BOARD

The effort of the committee would be to understand the views of each party, act as a sort of conciliation board by establishing contact with all parties and recommend some solution that they thought good on their own responsibility. "It would be open to each party to accept it wholly or partially or to reject it. There is no question of failure or success. When the committee has done its work, it would be for the leaders of the different parties to consider whether at that stage they should not call a bigger conference—either an all-parties conference or a convention."

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said he had placed all these points before Gandhiji and a provisional draft of the resolution now passed by the Standing Committee of the Non-Party Conference was prepared.

Sir Tej Bahadur contradicted a report published in Delhi that the Viceroy had expressed tacit approval of this proposal.

"I have had no correspondence with the Viceroy for the last three months" Sir Tej Bahadur declared. The proposal had nothing to do with the Viceroy or any other official, high or low.

So far as the Government were concerned, Sir Tej Bahadur's view was that they should smooth the way of the committee by adopting a reasonable attitude to any approach for information or statistics.

"But" he declared, "in order to smooth the way and create the proper atmosphere it is very necessary that the Congress leaders behind the bars should be let out, because I see no reason why they should be kept there any longer."

He was, however, not putting this forward as a "sine qua non."

His own view of the strength of the proposed committee was between 15 and 20 members.—

DISCUSSIONS WITH GANDHIJI

Giving an account of his earlier discussions with Gandhiji, Sir Tej Bahadur said that towards the end of October he wrote to the Mahatma and told him that things were taking a rather dangerous turn Sir Tej expressed regret at the use of the phrase civil war in some of the speeches made following the break-down of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks "I am one of those who do not believe in a civil war or in the possibility of a civil war in this country," declared Sir Tej Bahadur. He pointed out to Gandhiji that several people had suggested that the time had come for an all parties conference; he knew that Gandhiji's mind was running in that direction; but in Sir Tej Bahadur's view such a conference would not lead to any satisfactory results under the existing circumstances.

Sir Tej Bahadur saw the Mahatma early in November and in the course of discussion, Gandhiji expressed himself against a convention, but there was one impression left on Sir Tej Bahadur's mind at the end of the conversations.

'Having very freely exchanged views, I came to the conclusion that if there was one man among the 400 millions who was genuinely and sincerely anxious for a settlement, it was Mahatma Gandhi. I shall maintain that in spite of any statement to the contrary."

With that impression he left Wardha, but as he was leaving, Gandhiji asked him to give thought to the matter further and come back to Wardha. During the two or three hours that he was free Sir Tej Bahadur tentatively arrived at the idea of the committee and went back to Gandhiji and explained it to him. They discussed it at length and Sir Tej was agreeably surprised that the suggestion found ready acceptance on Gandhiji's part.

The one condition on which Mahatma Gandhi laid stress was that the members of this committee should not belong to any political party or have definitely committed themselves to any particular views since the breakdown of the Bombay talks.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

NO EASY VICTORY IN PACIFIC

CHICAGO, Nov. 19: Admiral Ernest J. King, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet, said today: "There is no easy way to victory in the Pacific even after the European war is over."—Reuter.

HITLER'S THROAT TROUBLE

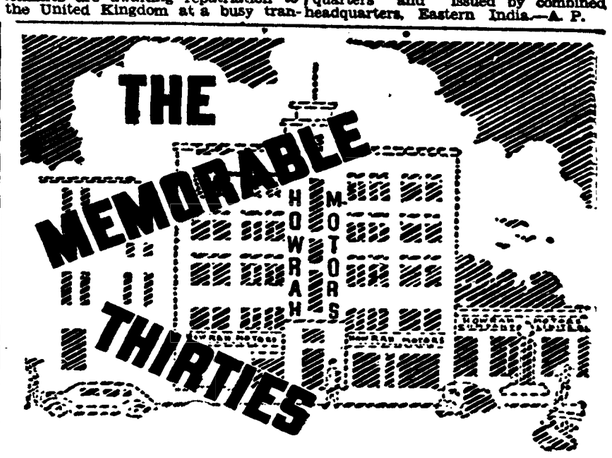
STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19: Hitler is unable to utter a word, according to a report received from Germany by the Swedish newspaper, "Afton Tidningen." The report says that the condition follows a throat operation by the Viennese specialist, Prof. von Eicken.—Reuter.

U. S. PATROLS REACH ESCHWEILER

From Reuter's special correspondent with the American troops in Germany, Sunday night: American patrols have reached the suburbs of Eschweiler, eight miles from Duren.

NINTH ARMY'S DRIVE

LONDON, Nov. 19: The German Overseas News Agency military correspondent, Walter Plato, says the American Ninth Army offensive is to-night continuing in a north-easterly direction, following the fall of Geilenkirchen.—Reuter.



aspiration came true

Little did the organisers of the Howrah Motor Co., think, when they first launched into the trades that the company will reach such dimensions. They had certainly their aspirations and these were more than fulfilled. Within two decades, from its inception, the Howrah Motor Co., was able to have its own spacious building in the very heart of Calcutta. This was possible because the men at the helm, looked upon the Staff which was ever increasing, as their own kith and kin and were thus able to get the best out of them. To-day the Howrah Motor Family is a dear thing to all their patrons and well-wishers.

HOWRAH MOTOR CO. LTD.
HOWRAH MOTOR BUILDINGS
P-6, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta
'PH': CAL: 804 (4 lines)—'GRAM': 'GALOSUHO'—P. BOX: 2253.
BRANCHES: DELHI - PATNA - BOMBAY - CUTTACK.

We Manufacture:-

CHEMICALS.

1. Caustic Potash.
2. Manganese Sulphate.
3. Potassium Carbonate.
4. Nickel Sulphate.
5. Barium Sulphide.

And all type of Laboratory Reagents and Analytical Acids. (Price list on demand.)

****

Malaria Or Fever Victim?

TAKE

NU-QUININE

(Certified by Doctors)

Temperature drops to normal with 6 tablets only. One tube for complete cure Price Rs. 1/12/- only. At all chemists.

Extracts of few unsolicited testimonials.

1. I certify that Nu-Quinine responded very well in cases of acute and chronic malaria... (Sd.) Dr A. P. V., L.C.P.S., Bombay.
2. We are fully satisfied with your Nu-Quinine....Dr. M. J. S. Bombay.
3. Tried Nu-Quinine tablets in ever so many fever cases besides Malaria cases and found it excellent. (Sd.) Rev. M Allahabad.
4. Nu-Quinine tablets have given good results for Malaria patients....(Sd.) M. N. Garla Jagir, N. S. Rly.

(Originals open for inspection)



Sole Distributors:
BECKS TRADING CO.,
7, Peoples Bldg.,
Sir P. M. Rd. Fort BOMBAY
Phone: 23848.

****

Another Attack On Indian Censorship

LONDON, Nov. 18.

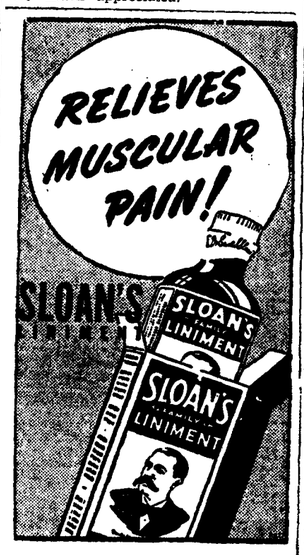
The question of censorship in India is getting increased attention in the press. Mr. Hannen Swaffer in the "Daily Herald" launched another attack on the Indian censorship and the India Office yesterday for treating Indian correspondents like "Untouchables."

"I understood that some attempt is being made to inform Indian editors about the cuts made in the despatches to them from their correspondents abroad", says Mr. Hannen.—United Press.

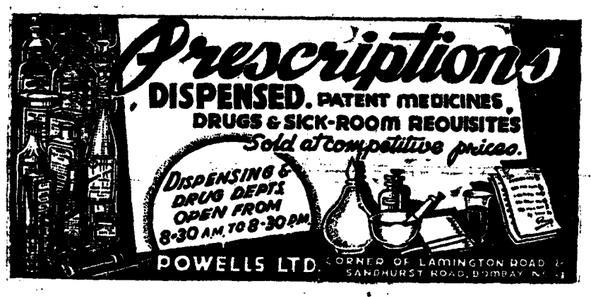
MAGICIANS ENTERTAIN INDIAN CONVALESCENTS

Indian convalescent soldiers were highly amused with the entertainment of the Indian Magician Society on Friday. Col. Sir J. Duggan, Officer Commanding, Indian Military Hospital, expressed a desire to Dr. Framroze Nasikwala, President of the Society that such entertainments should be given frequently to entertain the soldiers in the hospital.

Minoo the Mystic, Prof. Panday and Mr. H. P. Tavadia demonstrated a number of magical tricks which were very much appreciated.



If due to War conditions your regular dealer is temporarily out of Sloan's Liniment, try again.



REWARD Rs. 5000

END GREY HAIR

De LUX HAIR OIL No. 501 is a natural vitamin food for hair, possessing the qualities of curing baldness, short hair, brain weakness, headache and sleeplessness. It restores grey hairs to their natural black colour permanently from the roots. Price Rs. 8/- per phial. Three phials (Full Course) Postage Free. A cash reward of Rs. 5,000/- would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order to-day lest it is too late.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE P. B. 61 (B. C. B.) LAHORE

A FIRST GRADE NATIONAL BANK

BHARATI CENTRAL BANK LTD.

Gram:— Payment

Head Office:— 15, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.

Phone: Cal. 2546

OTHER BRANCHES

Shambazar, Burrabazar, Ballyganj, College Street, Posta, Bhowanipur, Sealdah, Tollyganj, Howrah, Dacca, Narayanganj, Mirkadim, Faridpur, Rajbari, Kustia, Gopaldi, Comilla, Brahmanbaria, Pabna, Assansol, Bhola, Gouhati, Tangla, Jorhat, Badarpur, Sylhet, Karimganj, Golaghat, Itwari, Nagpur, Raigarn, Raipur, Patna, Bamra, Sonapur, Benares, Joynagar-Mazilpur, Shillong, Muzaffarpur, Tejpur, Tinsukia, Dibrugarh, Chandpur, Katihar, Arrah, Jalpaiguri, Bhairab and Narsingdi.

Managing Director: Mr. N. C. DATTA, M.A., B.L.

INDIA-S. AFRICA DIFFERENCE SPOT-LIGHTED IN U. S

"New York Times" Gives Brief Report

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.

Reuter's special correspondent Washington writes:—

Differences between South African and Indian Governments have been spot-lighted here as the result of a statement issued to the press by the Government of India Information Service in Washington.

Displaying the story prominently in one of the main editorial pages, the influential "Baltimore Sun" writes:

"The Government of India Information Service went out of its way to draw attention to the breach in British Commonwealth relations in which the Indian Central Legislative Assembly voted the recall of its High Commissioner and to impose economic sanctions against the South African Dominion".

The Indian Government described the anti-South African action as resulting from "discrimination" by South African provinces against persons of Indian origin.

Less prominence is given to this story by the "New York Times" which briefly reports the heading "South African bans approved India".

Informed circles here were familiar with the facts published which have been covered in recent weeks in Reuter dispatches from India, but some surprise is expressed at the prominence now given in Government Information service.

It is pointed out here that the dispute was one dating back to the time of Gandhi's Civil Disobedience campaign in South Africa. The matter has been brought to the forefront in recent months as the result of alleged encroachments by Indians into the spheres of South African life.

Some are inclined to stress that economic sanctions would work both ways. Although South Africa needs India's jute, considerable supplies of food are sent to India from South Africa.—Reuter.

"BIG THREE" MEETING EXPECTED SOON BY U. S. PRESS

NEW YORK, Nov. 16

The Milwaukee 'Journal', in an editorial, says: "It is evident that a meeting of Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin is planned for the early future and this is well. If there is to be any practical organization against war it can come only by agreement among the peoples of America, Britain and Russia. Roosevelt has a mandate to go ahead with the plans for peace. It is as clear a direction on policy as American voters could give."

The Baton Rouge, (Louisiana State) 'Times' says: "Of great importance will be the reportedly impending meeting of Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin. The time is well due for such a conference. A great deal has happened since the leaders of this country, Britain and Russia talked together at Teheran. It is surely essential that Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin come together again and arrive at some sort of common terms in regard to the peace."—USOWI.

GERMAN AIR ATTACHE RENOUNCES NAZISM

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 18: Capt. Riedel Assistant air attache to the German Legation has renounced Nazism, following the dispute with another military attache of the German Legation, who was of higher rank than he and known to be an active member of the Gestapo.

The Stockholm newspaper 'Dagens Nyheter' said the dispute arose because the military attache "tried to force Riedel to do something not connected with his duties and which would have been a great crime against the principles of justice."

STORY OF MURDER ORDER

One report based on information from quarters close to the German Legation said Riedel was ordered to arrange the murder of two high ranking Germans in Stockholm. He refused and resigned rather than be recalled to Berlin to pay the penalty for his disobedience. Riedel accordingly applied to the Swedish authorities for permission to reside in Sweden as a private person, but they have not decided yet. It is impossible to obtain confirmation of the murder order, but the source which usually is most reliable was emphatic it is true.

Riedel is the first officer to leave the legation. Four earlier deserters were all civilians. He was appointed to Stockholm in 1943, but had visited Sweden earlier to take part in gliding contests. He was in America in 1939.

People's Party's Success In Sangli

SANGLI, Nov. 18.

Eleven out of the 30 seats of the Sangli Rayat Assembly have been captured by the Sangli Praja Parishad unopposed so far.

At the session of the Sangli State People's Conference held recently it was resolved to contest the elections on behalf of the Parishad even though a very short time remained at the disposal of the Parishad to organise an electioneering campaign. A Parliamentary Board consisting of Mr. M. K. Bagal of Kolhapur Mr. H. M. Joshi of Poona and Mr. Sabade of Jamkhindi was appointed at the Conference for the purpose.

The Praja Parishad is contesting the seats reserved for Muslims and Harijans as well.—United Press.

W. A. A. F. Contingent Arrives In India

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18: Marching ashore at an Indian port with a smartness worthy of any military unit 500 officers and airwomen of Britain's Women's Auxiliary Air Force have arrived in India on their way to take their part in the war against the Japanese beside the men of the R.A.F.

They formed the first large contingent of the W.A.A.F. to arrive in South-East India Command where their interests will be cared for by group officer I. m. Campbell, Senior W.A.A.F. Staff Officer.—A. P.

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

The General Officer Commanding-in-Chief Southern Army Lt.-General Sir Noel Beresford Peirse this morning decorated Lt.-General G. F. Bunbury 19th Lancers with the O. B.E.

Lt.-General Bunbury receives the award for his service as Senior Staff Officer in the operations branch of the Southern Army Headquarters.

The citation says that he showed the greatest zeal and efficiency in the execution of the tasks committed to him.—A. P.

DR. TARANATH MURDER CASE

Final Arguments Heard: 18 Witnesses Produced

(From our Correspondent)

UJJAIN, (By Mail).

The murder case of Dr. Taranath and his wife Rangobai came up for final arguments in the Court of the District and Sessions Judge Mr. Rajbahadur Ashthana. The Court room was packed to its capacity. More than one dozen police officers and clerks were present. The Government pleader argued that some young men organised a conspiracy party to loot wealthy persons. Dr. Adhikari (who is a witness in the case and was under detention for several months) introduced Bhudeo Sharma to Dr. Taranath. The other members of the alleged conspiracy party met at Indore and Rau and finally on the 7th March 44 the accused Sunderlal along with Ramanlal approver and absconding accused Budhmal and others committed the murder of Dr. Taranath and his wife for looting his property. Dr. Taranath was considered by some persons a wealthy man. Ramachandra the approver was arrested on 18th July from Indore and Sunderlal accused present in the Court was arrested on 2nd August in Gwalior State.

Both these accused have confessed, and their confessions have been recorded by the Magistrate. Ramanchandra has been made approver in the case and Sunderlal is being prosecuted for murder and loot. The other accused according to the prosecution story are Bhudeo Sharma, Budhmal, Captain alias Ramnathsinha, Nanaguru and Vijayasinha are absconding. Four persons Rajmal, Akram, Kanhaiyalal and Gyansinha were also arrested but after some time were released as no proof was available against them.

According to the prosecution story the property which the accused could get from the house of Dr. Taranatn was only a golden chain from the body of misses Taranath which was sold at Indore for nearly Rs. 85. According to the prosecution Sunderlal accused was paid five Rupees at Rau Ashram. The Government pleader argued and cited a number of law reports that the accused's confession should be taken as a proof against him although he had withdrawn his confession in this court by stating that it was obtained under Police torture and beating and threats that if he would not confess human dirt will be kept in his mouth. But the accused had failed in proving his allegations against the police.

In all other 18 witnesses have been produced in the case before the argument the defence pleader raised some objections regarding confessions and statements and requested for inspection of the place where Dr. Taranath was murdered.

After hearing the full arguments of the Government Pleader the Sessions Judge went to inspect the place. The Defence arguments would begin immediately. Mr. Ramroop Tiwari exworking Committee member of the Gwalior Rajya Sarwajanik Sabha has been appointed in the case as Government pleader. While in the committing court the accused was undefended, in the sessions he was defended by Mr. Bhagwatiprasad and since yesterday Mr. G. P. Hirvey a leading worker and criminal lawyer of Gwalior State is appearing to argue the case on behalf of the accused.

It may be recalled here that this case was considered so important that H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior personally appointed Mr. Alihasan Inspector-General of Police to conduct enquiry. After several months the I. G. P. has been successful in arresting the accused.

GADGIL'S CALL TO STUDENTS

"Congress Gave Correct Lead"

INDORE, Nov. 19.

"It would be wrong for anybody to conclude that the struggle for freedom is either abandoned or crushed, said Mr. N. V. Gadgil, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee presiding over the Students' Conference held here yesterday.

"There is not a single thinking Indian", continued Mr. Gadgil, "who believes that Britain of her own accord will part with power. As soon as the war is over England's difficulty will be over and India will remain where she is today. England makes promises, but is not in the habit of fulfilling them. War was the time when the cause of Indian freedom could have been advanced. The Congress gave a correct lead. It espoused democratic causes, but refused to participate in war efforts for the simple reason that war for her was not a war for freedom.

TASK BEFORE STUDENTS

"The struggle for freedom has been carried on by the Congress and will be carried on until freedom is achieved. Students have a definite role to play in the same. In a slave country the only career of honour is the one in which the person suffers for the sake of his country.

"Students should not keep away from politics. To keep away from politics is to keep away from freedom.

"The non-violent struggle for freedom has no specific point. It is just like a total war. It concerns the whole nation."

Speaking about students' duty Mr. Gadgil said that in towns they should form groups and conduct adult education centres. Every week they should go to a village, meet the villagers, and study their problems. They should organise village sanitation and bring all castes and communities together trying to develop unity and a sense of oneness in the villagers.

Concluding the speaker said that students should take the oath of not suffering or inflicting injustice and of not being a silent witness to injustice. —United Press.

Released Congress M. L. A.'s And Punjab Assembly

LAHORE, Nov. 18: It was learned from official sources to-day that the Punjab Government are considering the question of allowing those Congress M. L. A.'s who were released from jail under certain restrictions to attend the Punjab Assembly.—A. P.

Goering with a number of Luftwaffe chiefs has arrived in Ludwigshaven on Lake Constance for a conference, says a Zurich message.

REAL WRIST WATCH

FREE

EARN Rs. 775/- PER MONTH

If you are earnest to earn up to Rs. 775 per month, please secure the Agency of our Radium Gold Six tolas Radium Gold one pair fancy bangles one pair earrings, two finger rings latest fashion, are despatched as sample. Free catalogue of ornaments and Agency terms sent free. Write today. A real wrist watch is offered free to Agents.

Allied Traders Ltd.
P. B. 45, DELHI

Announcing

BOMBAY MUTUAL POSTER COMPETITION RESULTS

THE JUDGES

Rao Bahadur U. S. Desai,	Chairman, Bombay Mutual
C. R. Gerrard Esqr.,	Director J. J. School of Arts
S. Jepson Esq.,	Editor Illustrated Weekly
Dr. D. G. Vyas,	"Bombay Chronicle"
N. J. Shah Esq.,	Director Bombay Mutual
Harish C. Jain Esq.,	Manager National Advertising Service.

The following are the winners:—

1st Prize Rs. 300,	Mr. V. D. Kuray, Bombay
2nd Prize Rs. 200,	Mr. R. K. Engineer, Bombay
3rd Prize Rs. 150.	Mr. L. N. Athavia, Bombay

3 consolation prizes Rs. 50 each

Mr. G. J. Bangale,
Mr. P. S. Awate,
Messrs. G. Mathur and J. Virji, Bombay.

Artists who are anxious to get back their posters are requested to take their delivery personally or write for them enclosing As. 8 stamps before the 7th December, 1944 after which date the Bombay Mutual will not be responsible for the posters.

BOMBAY MUTUAL POSTER COMPETITION.
NATIONAL ADVERTISING SERVICE,
People's Building, Sir P. Mehta Road,
Fort, BOMBAY.

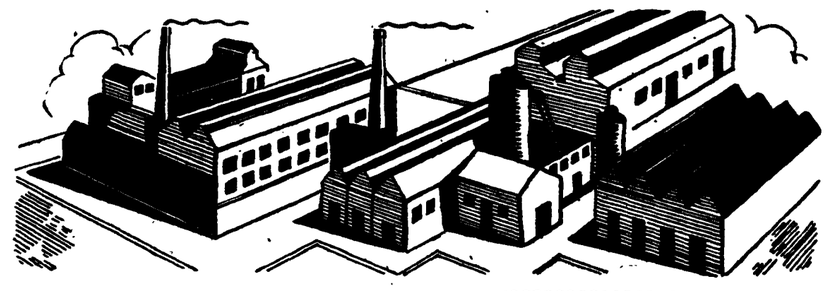
690

Read What A U. P. MAHARAJA Says For Prof. BOPARA:



Prof. BOPARA has seen my hand and has read it correctly. I recommend him to everybody. He possesses very good knowledge and is so far the best palmist I have seen.

"N. C. L." PRODUCTS --THE HALL-MARK OF PURITY!



Without chemicals, the task of making Indian Industry well-planned might prove impossible.

"N. C. L." as the pioneer manufacturers of heavy and fine chemicals in India, make a great contribution in the manufacture of chemicals for various industries.

"N. C. L." stands for all that is best in chemicals. Every "N. C. L." product is the outcome of continued scientific research and experience.

Supplies of "N. C. L." products however are limited, just now, because of the war conditions; when peace returns we will be able to meet completely all the civil needs.

NCL

Enquiries solicited for:

★ POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE.
★ SODIUM ACETATE.
★ POTASSIUM ACETATE.
★ ACETONE.
★ BARIUM SULPHIDE.
★ MANGANESE DIOXIDE.
★ NICOTINE SULPHATE.
★ TABLE SALT.
★ CALCIUM CARBONATE.
★ RED OXIDE OF IRON.

NCL

MANUFACTURERS:
NATIONAL CHEMICALS LTD.,
Masulipatam, Madras.

Selling Agents:
AMRATLAL KRISTNADAS & CO.,
68, Third Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar, Bombay 2.
Phone 26464. Grams: Parasmani.

Managing Agents:
MURTI & Co., Ltd.
Masulipatam, Madras.
NCL—1

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

A BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE

BT



★ STARS WITH A PROMISE IN A PICTURE WITH A PURPOSE

Produced and Directed by

AMIYA CHAKRABARTY

JWAR BHATA

COMING— MAJESTIC

THAT'S What We've All been Waiting For!

Chal chalre Naujavan

PRODUCER S. MUKERJI

FILMISTAN

Production, Starring

NASSEEM, ASHOK KUMAR

From December 2, Daily: 1, 4, 7, 10 p.m.

ROXY

ADVANCE BOOKING from TODAY: 9-30 a.m. to 1 p.m., 3-30 to 8 p.m.

ALL COLOURED COPY OF RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S



SHAKUNTALA

Starring: JAYASHREE

63rd DIAMOND WEEK

Plans Open 10 to 12 and 3 to 7 p.m.

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m. Fri., Sat., Sun., 1-15 p.m.

SWASTIK

7TH WEEK MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS'

BARI BAAT

Producer Director MAZHAR KHAN

Suvarnalata, Ulhas, Yakub

CAPITOL

Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m. Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5 p.m.

An EVERGREEN Release

A TALE OF PACKED HOUSES



Directed By BABURAO PATEL

At

—IMPERIAL—

Daily at 4, 7, 10 P. M.

Advance Booking Open

FOURTH 4 Week of glamour

MAJESTIC Daily 4, 7, 10

Tomorrow Tuesday 1 p.m.

'ZENANA' Show

"Diamond" Release

"Vijay-Laxmi"

SHOBHANA & MOTILAL

STERLING GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Outstanding in every respect

FIRE · MARINE · ACCIDENT · WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION · ETC · LIFE · FIRE · MARINE · ACCIDENT · WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION · ETC

P.O. BOX 12. NEW DELHI.

Branch Managers:

THE VISHWABHARATI INSURANCE CO., LTD.,

Noble Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

PILES BLEEDING, BURNING Etc., INFLAMATION AT ONCE SUBSIDING BY TAKING ARSHARI TABLETS Rs 2 per bottle V. P. EXTRA.

HERBAL HEALING CO.

REGAL Air-Cooled: 'Ph. 35017 At 4 & 8-45 p.m.

20TH CENTURY FOX PRESENTS FRANZ WERFEL'S THE SONG OF BERNADETTE

Winner of 5 Awards! starring JENNIFER JONES

Rates: Rs. 4, 2 & 1

Special Morning Shows for School and College Students at special concession rates on November 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29 and 30, at 10 a.m. Please make arrangements with Manager.

'Phone No. 35017 Regal, between 4 and 7 p. m.

THE HOLY HAND



THAT RESTORED HER SIGHT GOT ITSELF POLLUTED WITH PASSION!

RAJKAMAL'S Social Classic

PARBAT PE APNA DERA

Directed by V. SHANTARAM

Daily 4, 7, 10 Sat. Sun 1 p.m.

Plans open 10 to 12-30, 4-30 to 7 p.m.

8th WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS

NOVELTY

6TH CROWDED WEEK SOBHAGYA PICTURES'

RONAQ

Motilal, Suvarnalata, Charlie, Chandramohan, Chandraprabha

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Sat., Sun., Holidays: 1-45 p.m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6 p.m.

An EVERGREEN Release

21st WEEK! at CENTRAL RAMSHASTRI

A Prabhat Picture

Hindi Shows at 4 & 10

Marathi at 7-0

Marathi Matinees at 1-0 on Sat. Sun. & Holidays

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1-30 p.m.

RANJIT'S SHAHENSHAH BABAR

KHURSHID & SHEIKH MUKHTAR

Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 5, 2001
Muslim: Zilhej 3, 1363
Parsi: Khordad 15, 1314
Sunrise: 7-49 a.m, Sunset 7-0 p.m.
Hightide: 3-38, 15-20
Lowtide: 9-34, 21-16
Municipal Corporation at 2 p.m.

To-day's Engagements

THAKKAR VASSONJI MADHAVJI LECTURES: Dr. H. D. Sankalia of Deccan College will speak today (Monday) at 6 p.m. at lecture theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology on "Cultural Geography" Significance of place names.

SIR LALLUBHAI SHAH LECTURES: Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane will speak today (Monday) at Government Law College Hall, at 6 p.m. on "Customs and Purva Mimansa", Vice-Chancellor Wadia presiding.

AT BURMA FRONT: All-India Radio, Bombay, will broadcast an interview with D. R. Mankekar, Special War Correspondent of the Associated Press of India, at the Burma Front, at 8-45 p.m. today (Monday).

NATIONAL WAR FRONT, KHAR DIVISION: Public Meeting followed by Cinema Show at the Konkanastha Mahar Colony grounds, Khar, today (Monday) at 7-30 p.m. Prof. V. G. Rao will preside.

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS) ASSN. LTD.: Members of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association, Ltd. are closing their Hundi and other business today (Monday) due to the demise of Sheth Kasturbhai Chandulal.

OLYMPIC ATHELETES' UNION; Olympic Athletes' Union have arranged to organize an open 100 K. Metre Cycle Run for 3rd December 1944 starting at 7-30 a.m. from Sion Bridge. Entries will be accepted upto 30th November 1944 by the Hon. Secretary, R. J. Mistry, "The Reward" Tardeo, Bombay."

S. SCHOOL FOOTBALL LEAGUE

The Senior School Football League Tournament will commence from Tuesday (28th inst.) Schools wishing to participate may send their entries before 25th inst. together with Rs. 6 as affiliation fees and Rs. 4 as League entry fees.

OLYMPIC AHELETES' UNION: Well over 250 competitors' entries through their respective schools have been received by the Secretaries of the Olympic Athletes' Union for the forthcoming ATHLETIC MEET arranged for School Boys and Girls on 25th and 26th November 1944, starting at 2-30 p.m. each day at the Cooperage, W.I.F.A. Ground. The Committee has decided to keep the Gate open to sport loving citizens on those days.

HAJ TO MECCA

The following cable from Mecca dated 18th inst. has been received in Bombay from Mr. Mahomedali D. Nasser.

"Enough food, adequate transport, best facilities available anybody can easily go Medina Indian Hajis arrived Mecca, under best Government facilities."

TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, Nov. 20.

BOMBAY—1

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Rambhau Ashtekar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 R. S. Chandavarkar 9-30 Balgandharva 9-45 Sumati Dharap 10-0 Close down 12-30 p.m Songs (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 For Women 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Shree Aur Sohoni 5-25 M. D. Tendulkar: 5-40 U. M. Maniar 5-55 Locals 6-0 Monday at Six 6-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Music 4-20 School mentary (M) 6-50 Light Dhun 7-0 With Britain at War (G) 7-15 M. D. Tendulkar: Violin 7-25 Sumati Dharap 7-45 Film Music 8-0 R. S. Chandavarkar 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 "At the Burma Front": An interview with D. H. Mankekar 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Foundations of Freedom (10) 10-5 R. S. Chandavarkar 10-20 Thumri and Ghazal 10-35 Rambhau Ashtekar 11-0 Close down.

Kher To Tour Southern Mahratta Country

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, former Premier of Bombay, has accepted the invitation of the Praja Parishad to undertake a tour of the Deccan States in December next. It is understood that the programme of Mr. Kher's tour in the Kolhapur, Sangli and Miraj States has already been fixed up.

In the course of his tour, Mr. Kher will preside over the convention of Praja Parishad workers of the Deccan States, consisting of eighteen States to be held on December 7. He will also preside over the Miraj Praja Parishad Conference to be held at Miraj the next day.

Mr. Kher will preside over the Conference of the Kolhapur State Praja Parishad Workers to be held at Kolhapur on December 8.—United Press.

Cut-mining Directorate

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18.

It is learnt that a directorate of open cut mining is being set up at Calcutta, under the Supply Department of the Central Government to operate the plant and machinery which has been secured from abroad and is expected not only to arrest the decline in coal output but also to bring about the necessary increases to meet industrial and war requirements.

Along with the machinery the services of a small number of experienced technicians from American Coalfields have been secured for purposes of supervision and instruction.—A. P.

MILLING PADDY IN CITY & SUBURBS

Persons living in Bombay City and the Suburban District who wish to have their rice milled will in future be able to obtain permits from the Rationing Officer of the Municipal Ward or of the area in which they reside. The quantity of paddy for which a permit will be granted will not, exceed double the quantity of rice due over a period of four weeks under a Bombay City or Bombay Suburban District ration card. Permits will be issued against cancellation of the rice ration available on the ration card.

ALLAHABAD MUNICIPAL ELECTION

Harijan Candidates Beat Hindu Sabha Nominees

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 18.

In Ward No. I Municipal Board Elections here, Mahabir Prasad (Depressed Class Candidate) and E. E. Dutt (Indian Christian candidate) have beaten all Hindu Sabha candidate forfeits his security deposit as he could not secure minimum number of votes.

Dr. P. L. Srivastava, prominent educationist was beaten in the election.

MUSLIM YOUTH AWARDED CUP

Non-Stop Sword-Swinging Feat For 50 Hours

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Nizamuddin, the Muslim Youth who had started the non-stop sword-swinging feat the day before yesterday at 5-58 p.m. kept on swinging it for 50 hours continuously and laid it down at 8 p.m. today.

Admirers and organisers presented him with a Cup, and sums of money in appreciation of his achievement in the field of patience and endurance.

Political Situation In Mewar

Mr. Ramesh Chandra Vyas, Bhilwara wires on November 18:—

It is authoritatively learnt Manikyalalji Verma, President Mewar Prajamandal and Dhurelaljee Daya, Secretary have gone to Sewagram to acquaint Mahatma Gandhi with the present political situation in Mewar. They will see Mahatmaji on November 22 as fixed by Mahatma Gandhi. At present, the Mewar Prajamandal and public meetings are banned.

Bhulabhai Addresses Sikhs

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, addressed a gathering of Sikh elite of Delhi yesterday where addresses were presented on behalf of the Sikhs and the Sikh Youngmen's Association to Sardar Sant Singh, M.L.A. (Central).

Mr. Desai said that although Sardar Sant Singh belonged to such members who combined leadership and followers in one and same person he had always voted with the popular side.

Speeches were also made eulogising Sardar Sant Singh's services to the Sikhs and the country.

Replying Sadar Sant Singh pleaded for the successful working of the Central Sikh Secretariat which had been recently formed at Delhi to look after Sikh interests in central services.—United Press.

Death has occurred of Mr. Kotharia Kamdar Kalyanray Dalpatram Hathi, a prominent Sanatan leader at Jungadh at the age of 84.

"Sikhs United Against Pakistan To A Man"

Kharak Singh's Declaration At Akhand Hindustan Conference

LAHORE, Nov. 18

Sardar Kharak Singh, the Sikh leader, presiding today over the third All-India Akhand Hindustan Conference at Gujranwala, said: "Only in the unity and oneness of India lies the hope and, indeed, the guarantee of India's future greatness and independence. And if it is ever allowed to be partitioned it will be unfortunate for all. India would suffer the same fate as the Balkans to-day.

"I have studied the Gandhi-Jinnah correspondence with great care, and it is my considered opinion that by acting in the manner he did, Mahatma Gandhi has been guilty of bringing Pakistan nearer to realisation. He has thus committed what he himself once described as a great sin.

"The Sikh stand for complete independence and oneness of India. They will be satisfied with nothing less. They have made innumerable sacrifices for the attainment of this goal and they will continue their efforts to that end. They will, naturally like others to act likewise but if all others agree against us then no other alternative will be left to us but to demand that we should be absolutely free from British, Muslim and Hindu domination, because we believe in neither governing others nor being governed by others.

"I may make it clear that it will be a mistake to ignore us because we are a few. Even though a few, we hold a most important position in northern India and no constitution, which does not do us justice can succeed here.

"Mr. Jinnah is trying to give us false hopes. We are aware of their reality. During the last few years we have had sufficient experience of what a Muslim Communal Raj can be like. Let Mr. Jinnah be under no misunderstanding about it. The Sikhs are to a man united against the establishment of Pakistan. They will not only not let Pakistan be established, but will not rest until the present Muslim majority rule is also abolished."

Criticising Sikhs he said: 'Their alliance with the Unionists in the Punjab and with the Muslim League in the Frontier has caused irreparable loss to Sikh interests."

In conclusion, referring to political prisoners he said: "The Punjab has earned notoriety for holding in jail a majority of those prisoners. The detention of these persons is not at all justified. The Punjab Ministry had adopted a very unsatisfactory policy regarding the prisoners. Against this policy of the ministry, a voice of protest should be raised from every nook and corner of the province."—A. P.

KHWAJA TO SEE GANDHIJI

WARDHA, Nov. 19.

Mr. A. M. Khwaja, President of the Muslim Majlis left for Sewagram to see Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Syed Mahmud.—A. P.

Save wisely! Invest in 3 year cash Certificates

EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.

FORT, BOMBAY AND BRANCHES

If it's a

SORE THROAT



IF your throat is sore and inflamed, and it's a misery to talk or swallow, just do this. Start gargling every few hours with T.C.P.—the new *curative* antiseptic that Doctors are now using. Within a few minutes you will find that T.C.P. relieves all that pain and soreness. For T.C.P. *penetrates* right into the inflamed throat linings, quickly destroys the infecting germs there, rapidly reduces the inflammation and swelling—and actually *heats* your throat. Even a bad sore throat will generally clear up after two or three gargles with T.C.P.

Prove this in your own case. T.C.P. is now obtainable from Chemists everywhere.

T.C.P

THE NEW CURATIVE ANTISEPTIC



EVERY RUPEE SAVED NOW...

will buy more when the war ends. With prices as high as they are today it is plain commonsense that you are getting bad value for your money. Besides, remember that prices are falling. Compare the prices of cloth, foodgrains, medicines etc. a year ago with prices today. The wise man saved his money and can now buy cheaper than before. The wisest thing of all however, is to save all you can now in order to get twice as much for your money when peace returns.

Be sure that the money you save is safely invested. Jewels, Land, buildings, manufactured goods and commodities are bad investments these days. Their prices are abnormally high and you will certainly find one day that they are coming down.

For security and fair return put your money into Government Loans, National Savings Certificates, Insurance, Co-operative Societies, Post-Office Savings Bank or a Savings Bank Account.

SAVE ALL YOU CAN AND INVEST ALL YOU SAVE

A NATIONAL APPEAL BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 19.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at nine hours I.M.T. on 16-11-1944 :—

Allahabad 87 58 0, BOMBAY 91 75 0, Calcutta 87 63 0, Cawnpore 87 56 0, Cuttack 89 66 0, Darjeeling nil nil nil, Delhi 88 52 0, Dehra Dun 76 50 0, Jacobabad 88 55 0, Karachi 91 67 0, Lahore 80 47 0, Lucknow 88 53 0, Madras 86 73 0, Nagpur 85 61 0, Patna 85 58 0, Peshawar 78 45 0, Shillong 67 46 0, Simla 59 45 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Education outside of life and outside politics is a fraud and a delusion.

—Senior.

The Bombay Chronicle

DEMOCRATIC OR TECHNOCRATIC?

In his celebrated Gettisburg speech Abraham Lincoln defines self-government as government of the *people*, by the *people*, for the *people*. In each case the correct emphasis, as placed by the orator himself, was on the word "people", and not on the prepositions. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, winding up the debate on the Congress amendment to the original motion in the Assembly regarding the so-called Bombay Plan, could well have used similar language to drive home the point he actually made in regard to the motion before the House. The authors of the Bombay Plan themselves had postulated that their blue-print could not be carried out except by a National Government. We take it the National Government contemplated by them means a government of the type meant in Lincoln's celebrated speech, and not a government merely composed of individuals of Indian birth or domicile, without any representative character from, or imaginative sympathy with, the people of India. The Government of India's present emphasis upon the need for planning and its apparent desire to lay down the foundations, if not also the superstructure, of a national plan of industrialisation and all-round development, give every reason to believe,—as Mrs. Subbaroyan pointed out in the debate,—that it intends to by-pass the nationa demand for political emancipation to precede any economic development. It may also, for all we know, intend the establishment of foreign vested interests, and giving specific twists to the country's economic policy which may prove all but irremovable obstacles in the real prosperity of the country's development of its industries, and improvement in the all-round standard of living. To avoid this very possible risk the Legislative Assembly accepted the amendment by which, if accepted, representatives of the Assembly would be appointed to consider the several plans for the post-war economic development of the country, agricultural as well industrial, and to report on the same. Mr. Desai's summing up of the national opposition to the Industrialists' plan was clearly founded on the fear that any plan, made by any alien interests or influence, could not possibly serve the true national objective in planning. He emphasized the impracticability of one set of people preparing a plan, and laying its foundations and another set, with wholly different ideals and objectives, being required to build upon those foundations and carry out the lines of policy laid down by the former. It would be sheer waste of time and money devoted to such projects. The Assembly, therefore, had no alternative but to accept the amendment made by a Congress member in that behalf.

The actual substance of the amendment, however leaves much to be desired by way both of clarity and the objective aimed at. If a Committee of 15 members of the Assembly is appointed only to consider the several plans, the question naturally arises what would be the qualifications or competence of the members selected to scrutinise the plans and, still more important, what plans they would take up for such consideration. Would they themselves present any alternative plan of their own? The several plans which are now before the public are not all of the same authority nor of the same stage of all-round completeness, which would be needed if a proper scrutiny is to be made of these attempts. The industrialists' plan is lacking,—as was pointed out in the course of the debate,—in many essential respects and, as such, cannot be treated as anything like a national plan of all-round development. An entire section of distribution of the wealth created has been omitted. And though promises have been made time and again, a supplement to the original plan is not available. It is significant that, after ten months of the publication of the first instalment, and notwithstanding the enormous resources at the disposal of some of the richest men in India who have put their signatures to that instalment, no section dealing with social services and security, minimum wages, unemployment insurance, old age pensions, regulations of the hours and conditions of work, etc., is yet forthcoming. The Bombay plan is also defective in ignoring altogether the social side of industrial development as pointed out by Mrs. Subbaroyan. Particularly is this the case in its reaction upon the basic unit of the social system whether the individual or the family, the relations between men and women or the place of women in planned society, and the socio-economic rights of the various sections of the community.

Mention was made, in the course of the debate, of the work done in this behalf by the National Planning Committee. That, however, as is well-known, has been held up because of political developments over which the Committee had no control. Those, however, who criticise the work of the National Planning Committee so far done as being obsolete fail to recognise the volume and thoroughness of the work attempted by that body in contrast with the resources available to it, and in comparison with those already expended by the Government planners. The entire sum at the disposal of the National Planning Committee was not more than Rs. 40,000, while the total membership of the main Committee and all its sub-committees, drawn from every corner of the country, and, therefore, as representative and technically expert as could possibly be found, exceeded 250. Government must already have spent over preliminary work alone perhaps ten times as much. The Committee was appointed, at the request of all Provincial Ministers, by a Congress President. It was presided over by another former Congress President and composed of representatives of big and small industry, trade and labour, finance and economics. A more representative as well as technically qualified body it would be impossible to make up from Indians. The work of the Planning Committee and its sub-committees had, however, progressed, before the incarceration of its President, to a stage at which no definite or final report could be made. But even so the material and experience gathered in that connection should not be regarded as a total waste, even by the present Assembly.

In addition to these two plans, there are others, prepared not only by individuals, but also by authoritative or official bodies, like the new department of Planning and Development over which Sir Ardeshir Dalal, one of the signatories of the Bombay plan, presides. The Assembly Committee presumably will have to consider all these plans, though they are not all of the same authority, the same completeness and the same technical fullness and detail. It is, however, a misconception to hold that the kind of blue-print or outline which a body like the National Planning Committee could have attempted, or the so-called Bombay plan presents, could be anything like the final plan ripe for immediate execution. These are, and can only be, at best preliminary explorations. Their findings or recommendations can only lay down the very broadest of broad outlines and basic considerations, but cannot enter into details on pain of proving nugatory. The suggestion, therefore, of the European Group in the course of the debate, that a stage had been reached at which planning should be placed in the hands of technical experts, is neither timely nor acceptable. It is entirely besides the point. It is questionable if the Government will take this verdict of the Assembly as a mandate, and institute a committee as required by the amendment to consider the various plans and report upon them. But even if such a Committee is set up, we may well question if it would be so representative and popular as to be a substitute either for the national government postulated by all who have considered the matter, or competent to do the kind of work that the National Planning Committee has already done, and would do if the President, Pandit Jawaharlal, were at large.

Churchill And Zionism

Mr. Churchill made the other day a special statement in the House of Commons about Jewish terroristic activities. He deplored these activities and warned the Jews against their injurious consequences to themselves. The point of extreme interest in Mr. Churchill's statement is his personal confession solemnly made on the floor of the British House of Commons. Mr. Churchill declared himself to be among those who have "dreams for Zionism" and "who have been consistent friends of the Jews and constant architects of their future." And, of course, he wants a "successful future for Zionism". Zionism stands for nothing more or less than the conversion of Arab Palestine into a sovereign Jewish State. We now therefore, have it from Mr. Churchill himself that he has dreamt, has tried to and wants to build a Jewish State in an Arab land. It is an important revelation of British policy because Mr. Winston Churchill is, to-day, the Prime Minister of Britain. It shows that both Britain and America jointly plan to deprive the Arabs of their rights to their homelands. It is a warning to the Middle East and it is also a reminder to Indian Muslims of their duties. We are glad, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema has taken due note of Anglo-American plans for zionising Palestine. But what is the Muslim League doing in a matter that is very urgent?

Frankly Speaking

Eisenhower's Drive

Whether General Eisenhower's new offensive will develop into a big, decisive and final assault on Germany cannot yet be said. But its potentialities are certainly immense. Four Allied armies, including now the British Second Army, are already inside Germany having penetrated at some points, more than fourteen miles. They are trying to drive through two of the three invasion routes to Germany, one in the Aachen sector, the other beyond Metz. The third, the "Belfort gap" is imminently threatened by another army, the French First Army. And there is also the Seventh American Army operating by the side of the French. It is a great assault launched by Eisenhower and, as one commentator says, the Germans do not know which of the three routes is going to be the objective of the Allied Supreme Commander's main blow. But wherever it falls it ought to produce good results and promise even better ones.

Blow From East

The possibility has not yet entirely vanished of the Allies achieving a decisive conclusion in the war against Nazi Germany before the year is out. The Russians have stepped up operations in Hungary and are otherwise also reported to be ready for a winter offensive in which they excel superbly. Should Budapest fall soon, the Germans would have to face simultaneously a danger to the Reich from the east about as big as they are facing in the west. It is difficult to believe that they are any longer in a position to hold up two massive and mighty assaults on the Reich from the west and the east. And if, as we think, they cannot it is quite possible that somebody will be in, or at the gates of, Berlin sooner than cautious men expect.

The Wiser Course

The gulf between the Government of India and the Government of Natal is widening. The former having taken retaliatory action against South Africans in India, General Smuts refused to grant an interview to the Congress deputation which was to ask him to veto the anti-Indian Ordinance. And now comes the report that the South African Cabinet has given its assent to the Ordinance. In these circumstances for the Governor-General to withhold his assent will raise an important constitutional issue in South Africa. To give his assent will worsen the breach between two members of the Empire. The balance of advantage even for South Africa would be to maintain the *status quo ante bellum* for the duration of the war. allow the Judicial Commission appointed by the Union Government to proceed with its work of investigating Indians' penetration into European localities, and to reconsider the whole question in the light of the Commission's Report. The alternative would be a war within a war. The tone of certain speeches in the Central Legislature shows that Lord Wavell stands by the Indian demand and is not going to budge.

Essentials Of Education

Sir Mirza Ismail's convocation address at the Agra University was refreshingly unconventional. It was of the nature of an informal heart to heart talk, attempting to convey to young scholars, inexperienced in the ways of life, the truths garnered from his own worthy and varied life dedicated to the service of his country. As if he wanted to make the most of the time at his disposal, he neatly compressed into a paragraph five principal characteristics which he regarded as indispensable evidence of a good education. These are correctness and precision in the use of language, refined and gentle manners, the power and habit of reflection, sufficient knowledge of history in its broadest sense, to enable one to understand the main achievements of man, and to see the past as background and origin of the present, and the desire to improve one's knowledge and to acquire the power to do and to enjoy the things that are most worth while. An ordinary graduate or even undergraduate with these characteristics would any day be a better asset to the country than one without them.

Interdependence

But the truth which Sir Mirza rightly strove most to impress upon young men in India was that "not independence but inter-dependence is the law of our life." "It is", he said, "in ministering to one another, in bearing one another's burdens, in sharing one another's joy, that we realize our humanity and truly live. Go out into the world resolved to serve your country in a spirit of true loyalty and devotion, forgetting the petty differences that divide men, regarding all the people living in this land as your own brothers." There was a time when the truth of at least the precept was acknowledged by all without reservation. But now some people love to magnify their petty differences. That is probably the precise reason why Sir Mirza laid the greatest emphasis on this point.

Tamil Nad Journalists Protest

MADRAS, Nov. 19.

The Executive Committee of the Tamilnad journalists' federation at a meeting held last evening, Mr. K. P. Visvanatha Iyer, Assistant Editor of the "Hindu" and President of the Federation, presiding, adopted a resolution expressing "profound disappointment with the resolution of Standing Committee of the A.-I. N. E. C. on the conditions of service of Working Journalists."

The Federation protested against (1) the differentiation made in the salaries of Indian language journalists and English paper journalists, (2) the failure to recognise the need to grant dearness and war allowances which are granted to all kinds of employees in the country, and (3) the failure to fix adequate grades in relation to service and increments on the basis of such scale.

It was resolved to hold the annual session of the Federation at Coimbatore during the Easter week in 1945.—A. P.

Mahatma Blesses Mysore Congress Assembly Party

MYSORE, Nov. 17.

A message from Mahatma Gandhi giving blessings to the Mysore Congress Assembly Party was read at a meeting of the Party yesterday.

Mr. Pyarelal, Secretary to Mahatma Gandhi in the message says that Mahatma Gandhi "appreciates the work the Congress Party has done on the constructive side and offers his blessings to the Party.—A. P.

Bringing Closer Students And Labour In Bombay

Blue-print For All-round Implementation Of Congress Constructive Programme

Bombay, Sunday.

A tremendous drive to establish a live contact with clerical labour comprising 4 lakhs of Bombay's citizens, with industrial labour composed of nearly five lakhs, with students totaling 15,000 and with a score of women's organisations in the city has just been undertaken by the Bombay Congress in its scheme of conducting the fourteen-point constructive programme.

Explaining the aim of the Congress, in the course of a special interview to the "Chronicle," Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of the B. P. C. C. said: "Although the constructive programme has been followed all these years, the spirit with which it will hereafter be worked out is new. I have not the least doubt that Bombay will give the lead to the rest of India. We want speedy results apart from efficiency in conducting the campaign. We have therefore decentralised the responsibility Organisational and constructive activities are divided into twelve groups, a committee being in charge of each."

SHOP ASSISTANTS

Mr. Patil said that there were several special features of the programme. The Congress and Shop Assistants Committee, for instance, was a new item. "The shop assistants" said Mr. Patil "constitute a new class clamouring for recognition of its rightful place in an organised society. The clerical labour in the city is vast —it includes nearly four lakhs of citizens. Properly organised, it is a tremendous force which the Congress cannot afford to ignore."

Another new feature of the activity, explained Mr. Patil, is entrusted to the Women's Committee convened by Mrs. Jaishri Raiji and assisted by Mrs. Violet Alva, Mrs. Vimalaben Mehta, Miss Sushila Pai, Mrs. Satyabhama Borkar and Miss Saraswati Jhaveri. "This is entirely a new activity which the Congress has now undertaken in right earnest", said Mr. Patil. "Women have helped the Congress in a great measure in the past. Given a better organisation, they will render much greater service. It is therefore our aim to develop our contact with the existing women's organisations. The Congress will also start new organisations."

LITERACY CAMPAIGN

Referring to the Committee which will attend to the liquidation of illiteracy, Mr. Patil said: "Although the Government and the public are spending nearly a lakh of rupees every year and the Bombay Adult Education Committee is doing its best to organise this work, the final liquidation of illiteracy is impossible unless public opinion is mobilised. Constructive ability and intensive propaganda are essential for this branch of work and the special committee appointed by the Congress is expected to supply these.

The fifteen thousand students in the city will also be contacted by the Congress through a special committee. "The Congress cannot afford to ignore this class", said Mr. Patil, "because it is from this class that the future leadership of the Congress will be recruited. We have decided to build up students' organisations in the city. We will help students in solving their day-to-day problems."

SERVICE TO HARIJANS

The special feature of service to Harijans which will be planned by another committee is to conduct welfare work among the Harijans. This work will be carried on through the Municipal Corporation as well.

The Committee in charge of communal unity has capable organisers in Mr. M. Y. Nurie and Mr. Dhirajlal Desai who will be assisted by Messrs. Abidali Jafferbhoy, Joachim Alva and M. Harris. "All avenues of contact and good relations between different communities will be exploited", explained Mr. Patil. "The Committee will be the exponent of the Congress policy on this question so far as the Bombay Congress is concerned."

Referring to the Labour Committee, Mr. Patil said that the Congress would attempt to see that organised labour aligned itself with the Congress. "We will start and conduct labour unions", he added, "and help workers in every way."

The other Committees set up by the Congress are the following: Congress Volunteers Committee, Committee for Organisation of the Congress, Rashtrabhasha Committee, Khadi and Village Industries Committee and the Political Sufferers Committee.

Pandit Sunderlal On Hindu-Muslim Unity

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

UJJAIN, (By Mail).

Pt. Sunderlal of Allahabad who arrived here from Bhilsa (Gwalior) on the 3rd November left to-day for Indore. During his stay of eight days in Ujjain he delivered four public speeches on Hindu-Muslim Unity, and Indian culture. The meetings were largely attended by the members of both the communities and were greatly appreciated by all. In his speeches Pt Sunderlal laid emphasis on the fundamental unity of all the great religions of the world. Tracing the development of Hindu religion since the time of Rigveda upto the days of the Bhagvadgita he explained how Hindu religion had always emphasised the unity underlying the various forms of worship of the one and the same divine being, how the Upanishads and Gita taught them to realise the same self in all beings and to seek God through all forms of life. Describing the circumstances which led to the birth of Islam in Arabia and narrating important events of the life of the Prophet of Islam, Pt. Sunderlal explained how the fundamental teachings of the two great religions Hinduism and Islam were absolutely identical. He also explained by quoting examples how the history of India especially the Muslim period had been deliberately misrepresented, how in contrast with the religious persecutions in contemporary Europe and even in contemporary Japan, the Muslim and especially the Mughal period of Indian history was an age of tolerance and mutual good will. Describing in some detail the sweet relations that existed between the Hindus and Muslims right up to the movement of 1857 and even during that movement. Pandit Sunderlal stressed in a most impressive manner that the slavation of both the Hindus and the Muslims and of the country as whole lay in a heart unity between the two great communities and in the promotion of a common Indian culture such as they were developing immediately before British domination. Pt. Sunderlal expressed his confidence in the coming freedom of India in the very near future and said that the freedom could be a blessing to the country and to the world only through such heart unity between the various communities inhabiting this land."

Dealing with the cow problem he appealed to the Hindus and Musalmans to give up religious attitude towards cow but think in terms of business and milk which was essential for keeping health and life of the children of both the communities. He appealed to both the communities to start dairies for providing sufficient cow's milk to the people.

LEAGUE TURNS DOWN SIND PREMIER'S SON

By-Election Nomination For Shikarpur Seat

KARACHI, Nov. 11.

The Sind Muslim League Parliamentary Board to-day rejected the application of Mr. Anwar Hussain Hidayatullah, son of the Sind Premier, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, by three votes to two and nominated Mr. Ghulam Nabi Pathan, Vice-President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, as the League's nominee for the by-election to the said Assembly from the Shikarpur Constituency.

HIDAYATULLAH TO APPEAL TO CENTRAL BOARD

After attending the meeting, the Premier, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, announced that he would file an appeal to the Central Parliamentary Board of the League against this decision.

All the five members of the Parliamentary Board attended the meeting. The members are: Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Khan Bahadur Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, Home Minister, Syed Muhammad Ali Shah, M.L.A., and Ghulam Nabi Khan Pathan, Vice-President of the Provincial Muslim League.

It is understood that Sir Ghulam Hussain moved a resolution that in view of one of the members of the Board, Mr. Ghulam Nabi Khan Pathan, having sought a League ticket, the Board should refer the matter to Mr. M. A. Jinnah for decision to avoid a rift in the Party

The Board, however, rejected this resolution and proceeded with its work.

Mr. G. M. Syed is reported to have advised both Sir Ghulam Hussain and Mr. Ghulam Nabi Khan Pathan not to exercise their votes inasmuch as they were interested persons; but since they were members of the Board, he said, he could not debar them from voting.

Six candidates had applied for the League ticket and the Board announced its decision after four hours' heated discussion.

Mr. Anwar Hussain Hidayatullah told the Press that he would send his appeal to the Central Parliamentary Board to-morrow.

In view of the by-election of the Assembly fixed for January 4, 1945, the Provincial Muslim League Conference, which is to be held at Hyderabad on December 31 is likely to be postponed to a future date.—A. P.

Let All Communities Drop Fears And Suspicions

Sir Mirza Ismail's Advice To Young Men Of Agra

Addressing the Agra College Union on Saturday, Sir Mirza Ismail, Prime Minister of Jaipur, said:—

"How will you be able to protect your country's interests in the future unless you can present a united front to the world? India will count for nothing in world affairs so long as she lacks the strength of unity. Let us be united. Let us be friends to one another, for therein lies our future. Let no community—big or small—be constantly and entirely absorbed in fears for its own interests. Safeguard community interests, if you will, in all possible ways. I believe that it is quite feasible to devise safeguards or ensure the future of Muslims, for example. Such problems can best be solved if leaders can sit round a common table and discuss them in the right spirit.

"I am a Muslim, as you know, and I yield to none in my love for my religion and culture. I do not wish to jeopardise them in the slightest degree. But I maintain that the interest of the Muslim community need be in no more danger, in a properly devised constitution, than those of any other community.

"Unless every community is assured of its rights, there is no future worth looking forward to for our country. But rights are not assured by means of suspicion and conflict. In order to secure a worthy future for India you, young men, representatives of the rising generation, must bend all your energies and help to create a brotherly feeling in all spheres of national life.

LORD ACTON'S WORDS

The following words of Lord Acton seem to me to have a very striking significance for us in India to-day: "The co-existence of several nations under the same State is a test as well as the best security of its freedom. It is also one of the best instruments of civilization.....The combination of different nations in one State is as necessary a condition of civilized life as the combination of men in society." These sentences occur in Lord Acton's "History of Freedom."

When the history of the attainment of Indian freedom comes to be written, what shall be said there of this matter? I am sure that the Indian historian, looking back upon our critical times and pronouncing final judgment upon its political leadership, will give the highest rank of honour to those men who, in wide and generous understanding, have sought first that unity of peoples and communities which is the test of the free spirit, the security of the free county, and the indispensable condition of civilization itself.

RUINOUS PERVERSITY

I regret to say—but say it I must—that there are political and religious bodies in this country whose sole business seems to be to attack those of a different persuasion with a persistency worthy of a better cause, and a perversity that would ruin any cause. I am thinking of one in particular at the moment, which of late, while preaching unity, has practised the most infamous slander. Without truth and honour, freedom cannot be. I would beseech such organizations, and such leaders, to adopt a worthier attitude, a more conciliatory and constructive policy. Let our older men learn generosity from our youth.

"India is an ancient land, with a very ancient culture, and a profound philosophy, but is an extremely young country from the economic, industrial and scientific points of view; and it is only now that she is opening her eyes, and trying to raise her head and take her rightful place among the great nations of the world. Only one thing can debar her from that place, and that is a narrow and selfish outlook on the part of the various sections of her people.

MALAYALEES SHOULD SAFEGUARD THEIR RIGHTS IN FUTURE INDIA

Pattom Thanu Pillai On Food Situation In Kerala

That the world today was on the threshold of a new era of all-round progress and that every effort should be made to ensure for India her rightful share of the glorious future in store and that it was the imperative duty of all Malayalees to safeguard their rights in the India of tomorrow, were some of the salient observations made by Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai in a fifteen-sheet printed address in Malayalam, delivered by him as the President of the 2nd All-Malayali Conference, held at the Sunderabai Hall, Bombay, on Sunday.

Mr. C. B. Kumar, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the gathering and referred to the pathetic conditions of life prevalent in Kerala today.

Inaugurating the Conference, Mr. Nettur Damodar, remarked that the Malayalees had every right to take just pride in their cultural heritage, which consisted of the rich art of Kathakali, the gems of poetry of Kumaran Asan, the social reforms of Shri Narayan Asan and the picturesque life of their forebears as embodied in the folksongs of Malabar which inspired the people of Kerala even to this day. It was a significant fact that the womenfolk of Malabar were much in advance of their sisters in other parts of the country. They had every opportunity of a free and active life.

He concluded by expressing the hope that the Malayalees of Bombay would preserve the cultural traditions and the indigenous art of Kerala thereby setting an example to others. He appealed to them to maintain a spirit of unity in matters affecting their common welfare.

"WAR HAS NOT SPARED KERALA"

Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai in the course of his speech remarked that the war had not spared Kerala. Kerala had contributed vastly to the war effort in both men and material All the same Kerala had suffered in more than one way. The food situation was so acute that unless the Government of India took immediate remedial steps to afford relief there would be much devastation of life

He stressed that political advancement was an essential factor if India was to secure her rightful place in the post-war world. Malabar could not but be affected by the rapid changes that were taking place all over India. There were so many obstacles in the path of India's independence but surely the cry of a country representing 400 million people for freedom could not be stifled. Though attempts at rapprochement between the Congress and the Muslim League had failed to materialise, reconciliation at a not distant date was inevitable.

STATES PROBLEM

Referring to the question of Indian States, he said that the States could be better administered if the rulers would accept the advice of popular representatives There was no gainsaying that Indian States lagged far behind other provinces in India despite the vaunted declaration of Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer that nearly half a dozen States had marched a quarter of a century ahead of British Indian Provinces.

The claim that some States had considerably progressed industrially though undeniable was not wholly satisfactory, as the control of the industries and the capital invested in them did not belong to the people. He emphasised the demand of the States' people for the Princes' adopting constitutional Governments

Prof. P. A. Wadia, in a fraternal message to the Conference referred to the distressful economic conditions in India. Three and a half million people had died of famine, starvation and concomittant epidemics alone. They just died, unsung and unmourned.

The Conference passed a resolution touching the demise of Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, Mr. Kuni Shankar Menon and other Kerala leaders A resolution demanding the release of political prisoners was also adopted. Resolutions urging the dispatch of missions of medical and economic experts to the distressed areas in Kerala and the formation of an economic plan for the post-war period with special reference to the requirements of labour in Kerala were also passed.

TETE-A-TETE

WARDHA COMMENT

Mr. Gibson said that the European community fully supported any measures that it might be considered fit to take in support of Indian claims, but with some qualifications—qualifications which were very largely in the interests of Indians themselves. ..He thought that no action should be taken which might prejudicially affect the war effort.

While agreeing that South Africa was responsible for the situation, he asked the House to remember that among the objects of the Allied armies was the liberation of countries such as Burma, Malaya and the many Indian prisoners of war in Japanese hands.

—Proceedings in Council of State.

* * *

Delivering the convocation address of the Agra University, Sir Mirza Ismail said, the "great need of India is the need of men."

Good heavens! Is this gentleman still unaware of the tragedy of population despite the fact that it has been so eloquently disclosed by Mr. Amery and even by Mr. Churchill himself?

* * *

"While the political deadlock in India remains unsolved the Central Government is wisely pressing on with plans for the economic development of the country".—The "Manchester Guardian."

We hope Sir John Anderson, and the City of London cheered.

* * *

In a Central Assembly discussion on a Bill on repayment of wages, Mr. Arthur Inskip of Cawnpore, runs a report, "deplored the tendency to protect the employee against the increasingly defenceless employers."

What a horrible tendency! Down with it.

By the way, we are profoundly concerned about the defencelessness of employers. They should immediately be provided with pill-boxes, strong points, etc., etc.

* * *

Sensation has been caused in New Delhi by Dr. Khare's open declaration "I am not satisfied with mere barking but I want to bite."

There is, however, no truth in the rumour that Field-Marshal Smuts has urgently reported Mr. Amery and Field-Marshal Wavell to the British Commonwealth police

* * *

The Working Committee of Jamiat-ul-Ulemai Hind has passed a strongly worded resolution denouncing the anti-Arab and pro-Zionist policy and designs of Britain and America

It is an admirable lead but we hesitate to welcome it You see, we are not quite sure that as a mark of resentment against the Jamiat the Muslim League will not ignore the issue and thus punish the Arabs of Palestine for the presumptuousness of the Jamiat in speaking on behalf of Indian Muslims.

* * *

In a statement made in Parliament Mr. Winston Churchill admits himself to be among those who have been "consistent friends of the Jews and constant architects of their future" and who have dreamt "dreams for Zionism."

Mr. Churchill is quite right, too. But he needn't have given that assurance. He has always been well-known as a dreamer of Zionist dreams.

* * *

We read a report that while he was on a visit to Italy, Mr Churchill had a long chat with Signor Togliatti, the Italian Communist.

And we are not surprised. Who was it that said something about yielding when one had to work with powerful Allies?.... Why, of course, it was Mr. Churchill. Fancy our forgetting!

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

So many things which are easy to recommend are hard to do.

* * *

Opportunity sometimes has to kick a man before it can wake him up

* * *

Light is the natural symbol of truth—but often the light goes out.

* * *

Present a small boy with a watch and he'll have the time of his life.

* * *

When a man keeps his wife in the dark, he shouldn't expect her to make light of it.

* * *

If a young man sows wild oats mixed with old rye he is reasonably sure to raise a disturbance.

PRICES OF FINISHED GARMENTS

Govt. Promulgates Anti-Profiteering Ordinance

By a Notification issued under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and published in the Gazette of India dated November 18, 1944, the Central Government have fixed the maximum retail prices which dealers who sell readymade garments as well as those who make and sell garments to order may charge in respect of men's suit consisting of trousers and coat, with or without vest, whether hand-sewn or machine-sewn and the prices of a vest, coat, and a pair of trousers separately, on the basis of the cost of the material plus certain specified making charges.

The maximum price chargeable for a worsted or heavy woollens suit is the cost of the material plus Rs. 30 for a Palmbeach, light woollens, half woollens or silk suit it is the cost of the material plus Rs. 25; and for a cotton suit or a suit of other material not included above it is the cost of the material plus Rs. 15 Cost of the material means the retail price at which the principal cloth out of which the suit is made could have been lawfully sold but excludes the price of the material such as lining, canvas and buttons required for tailoring. Tailoring and making charges means the amount a dealer may add to the cost of the principal cloth to fix the final retail price of the finished garment. It includes the cost of labour employed in making the garment and the cost of lining, button or other material used apart from the principal cloth.

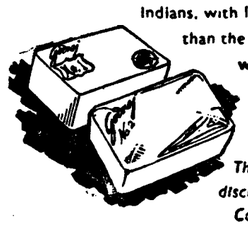
If a dealer is certified by the Deputy Controller General of Civil Supplies exercising jurisdiction in the area in which he carries on business to belong to class B or to Class A, the maximum prices chargeable by such dealer for suits shall be the cost of the material plus Rs. 60, Rs. 40, or Rs. 25 as making charges if he is in class B: and the cost of the material plus Rs. 100 Rs 75 or Rs. 50 if he is in class A for the three categories of materials mentioned above The making charges of vests, coats and trousers separately are calculated at a per centage of the total making charges of the whole suit. For a cost it is 65 per cent. for trousers 45 per cent and for a vest 10 per cent.

There is a

Godrej TOILET SOAP for EVERYBODY

'CHAVI' BRAND

The large variety offered has made Godrej Toilet Soaps universally popular. For nearly twenty-five years these soaps have helped to uphold our country's heritage of skin beauty and cleanliness, because only the purest and most beneficial of India's Vegetable oils and ingredients—Nature's own beauty aids—are used in making them to perfection. We were the **Pioneers** in the art of manufacturing soaps exclusively from vegetable oils : the first to realise that superior soaps should be made from select vegetable oils only—not from animal fats. Godrej Toilet Soaps have earned encomiums here and abroad, as also true pride with the realisation that these **Swadeshi soaps**—made by Indians, with Indian capital and under Indian control—are better in Quality and Value than the foreign. Choose yours from these **finest toilet soaps ever made anywhere** and, like good Indians, keep your skin clean, fragrant and supple !



The beauty soaps of discriminating users—Cosmetic and Germicidal : In natural Brown.





The National soap of unequalled value. 'Baby' size also available



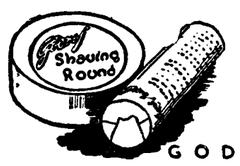


For those who prefer the refreshing fragrance of Sandalwood ; or the medicinal properties of Neem ; or the cooling quality of "Khus."



Very good toilet soaps for economical budgets.





Give off a quick and profuse lather that stays on firm and saves time for smooth, easy shaves to the toughest of growths ; soothing after-shave feeling to even sensitive skins.



GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.—Bombay 11.

HIND BANK LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS • FIXED DEPOSITS • SAVINGS BANK • DISCOUNT • LOANS • BILL-COLLECTION • INVESTMENT SERVICE.

CAPITAL

Authorised	Rs. 2 crores
Issued & Subscribed	Rs. 1 crore
Called and Paid-up	Rs. 50 lakhs
Reserve	Rs. 4½ lakhs

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. K. P. Goenka (Chairman) ✻ The Hon. Sir B. P. Singh Roy, K.C.I.E. ✻ Mr. B. L. Jalan ✻ Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani ✻ Mr. N. D. Bangur ✻ Mr. B. Kumar Birla ✻ Mr. D. P. Goenka ✻ Mr. J. B. Elias. General Manager: Mr. N.M. Chokshi Bombay Mgr. Ambalal P. Parikh

DISCOUNT BUSINESS

In order to enable customers to work to the full potential of their business capacities, the Hind Bank is always keen to discount Documents of Title to goods in transit, or those which represent goods supplied or services rendered, besides the normal *Hundi* business. Discount of Government Bills is of course a substantial part of this service.

The Hind Bank Ltd.

CALCUTTA — BOMBAY

London Bankers—Midland Bank Ltd.

The Pentangular

Unenterprising Cricket Marks Muslim Innings

211 Collected In 345 Minutes For 4 Wickets

(BY OUR CRICKET CRITIC)

Cricket of a very unenterprising character was witnessed by a crowd of 30,000 at the Brabourne Stadium on Sunday. Although The Rest bowlers were by no means in deadly form, the Muslim batsmen refused to take any risk. Batting the whole day, they collected only 211 runs with the loss of four wickets.

MUSHTAQ UNLIKE SELF

The rate of scoring was dreadfully slow in comparison with that shown by the teams who have batted before in the Pentangular this season. The opening batsmen, Nazar Mahomed and K. C. Ibrahim, took 121 and 105 minutes respectively to compile 38 and 31. The appearance of Mushtaq Ali and Gul Mahomed two of the fastest batsmen among them did not improve matters. The Muslim skipper, with the heavy responsibility on his shoulders, played a most subdued game. The score of 75 for two wickets and 100 for 3 did not encourage him to alter his tactics. The Punjab left-hander followed suit, in consequence the total stood at 138 by tea time as a result of 4 hours' batting. Immediately after the interval Mushtaq Ali was declared l.b.w. His contribution was 27 only produced in 103 minutes. Had he played his usual aggressive game he might have fared much better than he did.

In association with Gazali Gul Mahomed batted till the end of the day without losing their wickets. They occupied the crease for 120 and 190 minutes respectively to gather 40 and 39.

40 MAIDENS AND 10 BOUNDARIES

It was remarkable that there were hardly a dozen hits to the boundary during the day and there were as many as 40 maiden overs to make one doze. It is true the Rest fielding was good—in fact this department has shown considerable improvement in both the matches. But their bowling cannot be said to be of a nigh order. If the Muslim batsmen chose they could have taken greater liberties with it.

It is apparent that they are more determined to win the verdict any how than make most of their opportunities. As things stand,—99 runs to make with 6 wickets in hand—they have every chance of pulling the match out of the fire, unless Hazare and Co. show more sting in their leather than they have done so far.

DETAILS OF SUNDAY'S GAME

Nazar Mohmed and K. C. Ibrahim opened the game for the Muslims facing the attack from Roach and Vijay Hazare. The stylish Nazar opened his account with a brace off Roach in his very first over. The first decade went up after eighteen minutes of play.

Roach at the start wielded the leather with a terrific pace. Hazare too impressed the batsmen who had to be all the while on defence during the first three-quarters of the game. It took, therefore, 43 minutes for 20 to appear on board.

The medium-paced Jayavickram replaced the speed-merchant Roach, and Frank took over from Hazare at the opposite end. Both the batsmen had reached their individual first decade.

The Rest skipper kept on effecting further changes, and soon after brought in Bhalerao in the place of Frank. Nazar Mohamed facing the new bowler drove him powerfully to mid-off, it being the first four of the Muslim innings, which came off exactly after an hour's game. The score-board now showed 30.

Roach came back replacing Jayavickram. Though very few runs came off the fast bowler, the batsmen unhesitatingly punished Bhalerao at the other end, with the result that runs came in quickly and 50 appeared after 75 minutes.

BATSMEN PLAY CONFIDENTLY

A little later Nazar reached his 30, Ibrahim still plodding along in the realm of twenties.

The next bowler to replace Roach was Vivek Hazare. The batsmen having mastered the attack now played with supreme confidence and 60 went up, followed a little later by 70.

The Rest had their first victim of the day after 105 minutes of the game. Facing Vivek Hazare Ibrahim swung his bat in the mid-off where Patrick D'Souza made a smart low catch which sent him rolling on the ground. (71-1-31).

This brought in Abdul Hafiz. The pair was now more cautious and played out till the game closed for lunch, the score-board showing 75 for one which included Nazar Mohmad's 38.

AFTER LUNCH

The resumption of the game after lunch turned out disastrous for the Muslims in as much as the very first delivery off Vijay Hazare in his very first over saw that bowler make a successful l.b.w. appeal against Nazar Mohmed. A promising and hitherto well-set bat was thus lost to the Muslims before any addition could be made to the pre-lunch total of 75. (75—2—38).

Mushtaq, the Muslim skipper, joined Hafiz who in Hazare's following over sent him to the cover boundary. The same left-hander a little later snicked Hazare in the gully for four. This brought the score to 90.

The first Muslim century was hoisted in after half an hour of the game after lunch. But there was no time for the Muslims to rejoice, for hardly the echoes of their cheering had died down when Vivek Hazare by a beautiful straight-shooter spread-eagled Hafiz's stumps. (100—3—19). Gul Mohmed then joined Mushtaq.

DULL GAME

It seemed that after lunch the bowlers were positively on top. Hazare brothers in particulars kept the batsmen at bay for over an hour during which the total had advanced only by 30. The dullness of the game could be gauged from the fact that even a skilful bat like Mushtaq so renowned for his fast scoring had gathered only 12 runs in an hour. Even Gul Mohmed usually so brilliant with the bat hardly came out of his shell.

But the complexion of the game changed when after 80 minutes of the game Sathasiwam was tried with the leather in place of Vivek Hazare. Mushtaq who faced him slightly enlivened the game by a powerful drive to the mid-off boundary, the first to flow from his bat.

Gul Mohmed too seemed sunk deep in the wickets hardly showing his old brilliance. It was only once that he drove Sathasivam to the east-stand boundary

A greater disappointment was still in store for the Muslims. It came when Vijay Hazare's appeal for l.b.w. was upheld by the umpire, the victim this time being the Muslim skipper himself. (138—4—27).

Gazali stepped in and played out till the tea-interval, the score being 145 with four down.

AFTER TEA

After tea the Hazare brothers were once more entrusted with the leather, each from the opposite end. The score steadily mounted to 150. After this Roach replaced Vivek. The scoring was still under control and batsmen had to fight for runs. 160 went up exactly after 35 minutes—a dull game indeed.

Bhalerao having taken over from Roach Gazali square-legged him for four, this being the first boundary after tea. His partner followed up with another four off Vivek. But thereafter Gazali driving Bhalerao to two successive fours once on the square leg and again in the country cheered up the tired crowd. Bhalerao turned out costly for he granted 13 runs in a single over

SECOND CENTURY

Patiently the batsmen plodded on against the changing attack and reached the second century after a game lasting for four hours and twenty minutes. Both Gul Mohmed and Gazali had each 30 to their credit.

Twenty-five minutes later when the stumps were drawn for the day the score-board showed 211 with four wickets down. Gul Mohmed and Gazali were batting with 39 and 40 respectively to their account.

Scores

THE REST (1ST INNINGS) 308

MUSLIMS (1st Innings)

Nazar Mohmed l.b.w. b Vijay Hazare	38
Ibrahim, c D'Souza, b Vivek Hazare	31
Abdul Hafiz, b Vivek Hazare	19
Mushtaq Ali, l.b.w. Vijay Hazare	27
Gul Mohmed (batting)	39
M. Gazali (batting)	40
Extra	17
Total (for 4 wkts.)	211

BOWLING ANALYSIS: J. Roach 15—3—29—0; Vijay Hazare 30—13—34—2; Vivek Hazare 27—9—32—2; B. Frank 7—4—7—0; A. K. Bhalerao 14—4—47—0; S. Jayawickram 20—6—32—0; S. Sathasivam 3—0—13—0.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 71; 2 for 75; 3 for 100; 4 for 138.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.

December 21.61 January 21.59 March 21.73 Middling Spot 22.09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.

December 21.65 January unquoted March 21.76 Middling Spot 21.20

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Nov. 18.

Spot Closed Forward

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Nov. 18.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

WHEN VICTORY IS WON

WILLIAM SYKES LTD. for CRICKET and FOOTBALL

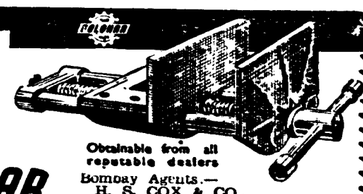
AND

AYRES LTD. for BADMINTON and all Indoor Sports and Games

WILL BE READY TO SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS.

JAWS WITH A BULL DOG GRIP

ITS **DOLOHAR**



Obtainable from all reputable dealers

Bombay Agents:— H. S. COX & CO., 24, Rampart Row, Bombay.

WOOD WORKERS' BENCH VICE

Morning Freshness!



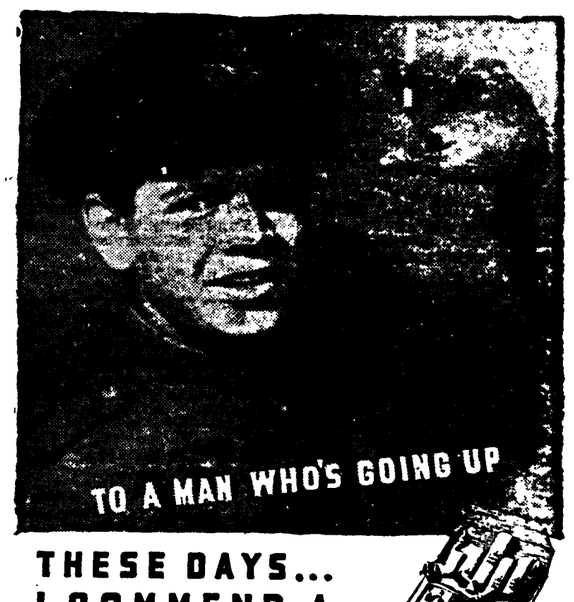
Up with the dawn and full of life the whole day through. He owes it to Summers Sparkling Health Salt, which keeps him free from Constipation and other disorders caused by a sluggish liver. You can also feel bright like him by taking "Summers" every morning. Obtainable from all chemists at the retail rate of Rs. 3 per bottle of ten ounces.

Trade Enquiries to:— THE FAIR DEAL CORPORATION LTD., Laxmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road Bombay.



SUMMERS *Sparkling* HEALTH SALT

SUMMERS LABORATORIES BOMBAY 4



TO A MAN WHO'S GOING UP

THESE DAYS... I COMMEND A

Tenor

is truly a de Luxe Cigarette.

JAMES GARLTON LTD. LONDON. EASTERN LICENCEES POST BOX 470 CALCUTTA.

4 Annas per Packet.

Banish CHEST Soreness & BRONCHITIS



IF you're troubled with bronchitis, asthma or any similar complaint, Peps will give you welcome relief. These antiseptic, breatheable tablets bring to you, in handy concentrated form, all the lung-healing virtues of the famous Pine-Forest Air.

Dissolved in your mouth, a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Peps thus cut troublesome phlegm, relieve congestion in the air tubes, remove chest tightness and aid your breathing. Peps soothe your throat and bronchials and strengthen your resistance against infection.

To preserve the concentrated essences which Peps contain, every tablet is wrapped in silver paper. They are packed in sealed glass bottles, along with full directions printed in leading languages. Price One Rupee at any medicine dealer.



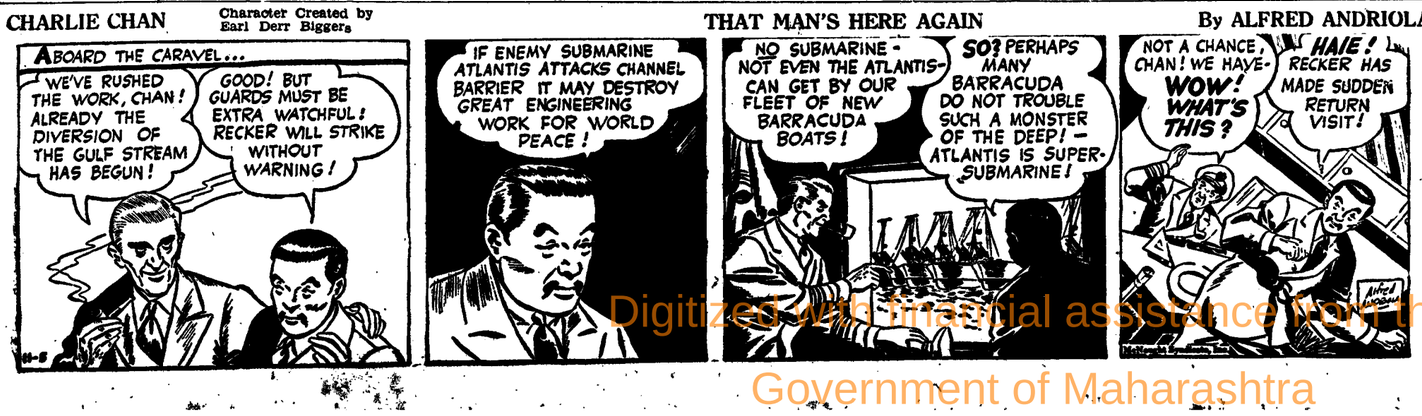
Take **PEPS**

Breatheable Tablets

1640

CHARLIE CHAN Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers

THAT MAN'S HERE AGAIN By ALFRED ANDRIOLA



Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Gujarati Typist-clerk on Rs. 40 and a dearness allowance of Rs. 15. Apply Hon. Registrar, S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University, 1, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay No. 1. 1034

Wanted an experienced Dyeing Master with special knowledge of mineral khaki topping and bleaching and dyeing of fancy cloth for a Mill in Bombay. State experience and minimum salary required with copies of testimonials, if any. Apply Box No. 1037, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted two stenographers with good speed in shortnand and typing. Apply immediately. with copies of testimonials and salary expected, to Box No. 1062. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified midwife and probationer Nurse. See Dr. Rameshwar P. Bhatt, Zaver Baug, opp. Allahabad Bank, Kalbadevi Road, between 5-30 and 7 p.m. evening. 6608

Wanted—Qualified and experienced Electrical Supervisor for Refrigerators, Amplifiers and Radio Sets Responsible post, Good Salary. Apply to:—Electrical Engineer, Bhopal Electric Supply, Bhopal, C. I. 6612

SITUATION WANTED

Eighteen years sea experienced certified executive young Officer open for shore engagement shipping firms Stevedores Dubashes Labour Officer Mills, etc., excellent references. Write to Box No. 6606. "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Canvassers for shoes of high class quality and workmanship. Apply to G. K. Footwear & Co., Ladli Nivas, Shahganj, Agra. 6611

TO BE LET

Rooms in Renovated building in Fort to let for business or residence. See personally my Advocate Mr. Harilal Shah. 33, Picket Road, Kalbadevi, between 8 and 11 a.m. 6607

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Wanted small space for office in Fort or any business locality with or without telephone facility. Write Box No. 6541, "Bombay Chronicle."

DANCING TUITION

Private Tuition in graceful Indian Dancing given at your residence. Apply to Box No. 6605, "Bombay Chronicle."

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans given against Shops, Factories Policies Gazetted Officers or any security cheap interest Kantilal Company, 28. New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi, Bombay. 6570

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Automatic punching presses milling machines, adjustable grinding machine etc., of German make in showroom condition. Apply to Box No. 6610A, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Large and fresh stock of hacksaw blades of good quality at specially reduced rates. Apply sharp to Advertisement Box No. 6610B "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, Labour Department Technical Training Scheme. Engine Smith, Copper and Tin-Smith, and Fitter Instructors are required for Civnaval Centre, Pilani in the grade of Rs. 135-12-200 plus Dearness allowance. Quarters provided at nominal rent. Candidates with Foundry experience will be preferred. Apply stating, age and experience to the Officer-in-Charge, Civnaval Centre, Pilani. (1028)

G. I. P. RAILWAY TENDERS.

The Controller of Stores invites tenders for the purchase of scrap timber. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore, Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 29-11-1944 at 3 p.m. (N. S. T.) 1017

ALL-INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Assistants in the Afghan-Persian and Pushtu units of the Central News Organisation. The posts are temporary.

Pay Rs. 250-20-370.

The candidates should possess the following qualifications:

(1) A good general education. (2) A knowledge of current world affairs. (3) A good command of Afghan-Persian/Pushtu and ability to translate accurately and quickly from Afghan-Persian/Pushtu into English. The selected candidates would be required to assist the Deputy Director, Middle East and to listen into and take down accurately in English the broadcasts in Afghan-Persian/Pushtu

Age limit 35 years.

Applications should be sent to the Director of Administration, Directorate-General, All-India Radio, Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, New Delhi, not later than 1st December 1944. 1052

NOTICE

ORDER FREEZING STOCKS OF CHUNI AND CHHALA REVISED

The Order issued in Government Notification, No. 638|IV-C, of October 25, 1944, freezing the stocks of Chuni and Chhala in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District, applies to Tur-chuni and Tur-chhala only, and not to other varieties of Chuni or Chhala. This has been made clear in the amended order published in the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary of November 17, 1944.

A. D. GORWALA.
Secretary to Government,
Bombay. 816

PUBLIC NOTICES

THIS IS ONLY AN ANNOUNCEMENT AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

(Consent of the Baroda Government and the consent of the Central Government have been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94-A as applied to Baroda State, and British India respectively.)

"It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of Baroda or the Central Government do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to same."

A copy of the Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Baroda. A copy of the Prospectus has been delivered for registration to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay, as required by Section 277-A (1) of the Indian Companies Act 1913.

THE BARODA POTTERIES, LIMITED,

(Incorporated under the Baroda Companies Act, II S. Y. 1975 on 6th October, 1944, at Baroda).

AUTHORISED CAPITAL: Rs. 25,00,000|-.
divided into 25,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100|- each.
ISSUED CAPITAL Rs. 10,00,000|-.
divided into 10,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100|- each.

The Directors, Signatories and Friends have already taken up 1,000 shares which will be allotted in full. The remaining 9,000 shares of Rs. 100|- each are offered to the public for subscription payable:—

Rs. 50|- per share with application.
Rs. 50|- per share on allotment, thus making each share fully paid up.

The whole of the above 9,000 shares of Rs. 100|- each are underwritten by the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd., Bombay.

DIRECTORS:

1. SETH NANDVADAN JHAVERILAL GOR, B.A., LL.B., Raopura Road, Baroda. Chairman: Shree Jam Wire Products Co., Ltd., Jamnagar; The Baroda Crystal Glass Works Ltd., Baroda; The Natwarsinhji Glass Works, Ltd., Chhota-Udepur; The Presidency Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Bombay; The Presidency Prov. and General Insce. Co., Ltd., Bombay; The Indian Industries Fair Ltd., Bombay; The Samastha Nagar Co-operative Bank Ltd., Bombay. Director: The Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd., Bombay; The Provident Investment Co., Ltd., Bombay; Member, Society of Glass Technology, England, Founder Member, Association of Indian Industries, Member of Central Committee, All-India Manufacturers Organisation.
2. SETH DHIRAJLAL JIVANLAL PAREKH, Marine Drive, Bombay; Partner: Narandas Manordas & Co., Bankers & Bullion Merchants, Director: The Baroda Crystal Glass Works Ltd., Baroda. The Sonavala Co., Ltd., Bombay; The Sonavala Industries Ltd, Bombay.
3. SETH CHIMANLAL MANCHUBHAI, Merchant & Landlord, Cadell Road, Bombay, Member of Bombay Municipal Corporation.
4. SETH AMBALAL C. AMIN, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, Hamam Street, Bombay, Director: Alembic Chemical Works Ltd., The Presidency Life Insce. Co., Ltd., Bombay; The Presidency Provident and General Insurance Co., Ltd., Bombay.
5. SETH DATTATRAYA DAMODAR EKLAHRE, Raopura Road, Baroda. Director: The Baroda Crystal Glass Works Ltd., Baroda; Shree Jam Wire Products Co., Ltd., Jamnagar; The Natwarsinhji Glass Works Ltd., Chhota-Udepur; The Property & Loans Ltd., Bombay. The Provincial Investment Co., Ltd., Bombay.

BANKERS: The Bank of Baroda Ltd.
The Exchange Bank of India & Africa Ltd.,
The National Savings Bank Ltd.,

MANAGING AGENTS: Messrs. Gor & Co., Ltd., Baroda.

AUDITORS: Messrs. Vatsaraj & Co., Bombay.

LEGAL ADVISERS: Messrs: Thakordas Daru Hemany & Co., Bombay; A. C. Amin, Esq., B.A., LL.B., Advocate, Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE: B|10|85, Raopura, Road, Baroda.

The Company has no place of business in British India.

OBJECTS:

1. The objects for which the Company is formed include the business of manufacturing and dealing in pottery-ware, Earthen-ware, Ceramicware, Porcelainware, Refractory materials, etc. There are very few factories in India manufacturing modern household utility glazed articles by modern methods.
2. The demand for articles such as cup and saucers, plates, etc., has become enormous. There is a great demand for Pottery articles. The important articles can be classified as sanitaryware, and its fittings, Indian W. C. Pan with Trap, European Type closets, Waterclosets, Wash-basins, sinks, white-glazed channels and cups, soap-boxes and Toilet paper box, Acid Proof tanks Mortars, and Pastels, Cotton and silk mills porcelainware such as pot-eyes, ball thread guide, bobbins, Porcelain insulators of special shape and size, Plumbago crucibles. It is intended to develop this industry on mass production basis and to produce goods as good as the imported articles and to stand competitive in price. Arrangements have been made to secure machineries required for the factory. Arrangements to have the services of an expert having vast experience in the line have also been made. The factory will be erected at Baroda.
3. Copies of Prospectus and application forms for shares can be obtained at the registered office of the Company at B|10|85 Raopura Road, Baroda, or at the Head Office and Branches of the following Banks.

The Exchange Bank of India & Africa Ltd.,
The Central Bank of India Ltd.,
The Punjab National Bank,
Bharat Bank Ltd.,
Indian Bank Ltd.,
Comilla Banking Corporation Ltd.,

who will accept cash or cheque of any place in India. Cheques on upcountry banks should include necessary collection charges.

The subscription list will open on 20th November, 1944, and will close after one month or earlier as may be decided by the Directors. (1006)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

THE SIR LALLUBHAI SHAH MEMORIAL LECTURES

Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane, M.A., LL.M. (Advocate) will deliver a course of four lectures on "HINDU CUSTOMS AND MODERN LAW" at the Government Law College (Second LL.B. Class-room, Ground floor), Bombay, (behind the Churchgate Station) on the following days commencing at 6 p.m. on each day.

Lt. Col. B. J. Wadia, M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor, will preside over the inaugural lecture on Monday, the 20th November, 1944.

DATE	SUBJECT
Monday, 20th November, 1944	"Customs & Purva Mimamsa"
Wednesday, 22nd " "	"Customs & the Dharmasastra works"
Friday, 24th " "	"Essentials of custom in modern Indian Law."
Tuesday 28th " "	"Family & Local customs and evidence of customs."

The lectures are open to the public.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 14th November, 1944. 1050

EVENING ART CLASSES AT THE SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY

EVENING ART CLASSES have commenced from 10th November 1944 for the Second Term of the current session at the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay. Instruction and expert guidance is given in Drawing from Life and Painting, Design (in Oriental and Western contemporary style), Commercial Art, etc. Time:—6 p.m. to 8 p.m. (excluding Saturdays and Sundays). Fees:—Rs. 30 per term. Those wishing to join the Classes may apply immediately for admission to the undersigned.

CHAS R. GERRARD,
Director,
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay. 1058

MACKENZIE LYALL & CO.

will sell by Public Auction
In the Exchange Commercial Sale-rooms No. 5, Mission Row AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON
On Monday, the 18th December, 1944
Under instructions from
MESSRS. ANDREWS YULE & CO. LTD.
IN ONE LOT
THE LEASE OF

COAL MINING RIGHTS

In Mouzahs Jugaldanga and Udaipura
In the district of Palamou in the Province of Behar

N.B.—Full details together with conditions of sale may be had on application to the Auctioneers. 1063

PUBLIC AUCTION

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

Sale of Municipal plots on the Kalupur Relief Road by auction.

The Ahmedabad Municipality proposes to sell certain formation plots in Sections II, VI, and VII of the Kalupur Relief Road by public auction. The plots are situated on the newly constructed Road 60 feet wide, passing through the very heart of the city. The road has already been constructed and is now open to traffic. The plots are free-hold and not liable to any assessment by Government. The plots are suitable for business premises, and offer a big opportunity for sound investment. Leading Insurance Companies, prominent millowners and businessmen and large charitable institutions have already purchased some of the plots.

The auction of the plots in Sections II, and VI and VII will be held in the Municipal Office (Gandhi Hall) at Danapith on Monday 4-12-44 and on Tuesday 5-12-44 at 10-0 a.m.

Further particulars and detailed information regarding the plots to be sold can be had from the Estate and City Improvement Officer, from 3 to 6 p.m. on working days free of charge. Copies of the plans of each section can be had on payment of Rs. 2|- per copy.

(Sd.) A. M. SEERVAI,
Ag. Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, dated 15-11-1944. 1058

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY

"TENDER NOTICE"

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of Lead 4480 lbs., Lead (Dross) 3243 lbs., Copper 136 lbs., Steel and Brass Mixed 15 lbs., Copper-Washers 4 lbs., lying in the Ordnance Factory, Khamaria.

2. The material may be inspected at site by previous arrangement with the stockholder. Intending purchasers should satisfy themselves fully regarding the condition of the store before submitting their quotations.

3. Tenders should be submitted by 4 p.m. on 29-11-1944, to the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, in sealed covers superscribed "TENDER NO. CS|MPD|1833 DUE ON 29-11-1944. Offer should remain open till 13-12-44". 1060

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Mid East Section of the Central News Organisation, All India Radio.

(1) One Talks Officer Rs. 550-25-900.

(2) One Assistant Talks Officer Rs. 400-20-600.

The posts are temporary.

The following qualifications are desired:

(i) a sound general education, (ii) a good knowledge of current world affairs, of topical developments in India, and particularly of the Middle East and its peoples, (iii) experience on the staff of a publicity and|or broadcasting organization, (iv) ability to decide on the subjects and plan talks and commentaries; to write the English scripts of these talks in lucid English especially suitable for translation or re-expression in Middle East languages and to issue detailed instructions or skeleton scripts for direct preparation of talks and commentaries in the Middle East languages. A good knowledge of Arabic|Persian|Afghan-Persian|Pushtu, as also a first-hand knowledge of the Middle East would be an additional qualification.

Age limit 35 years.

Applications should be sent to the Director of Administration, Directorate General, All India Radio, Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, New Delhi, not later than 1st December 1944. 1054

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS LIMITED, INDORE.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. Ramjidayal Saksena, Nazir, District Session Court, Sehore, and Receiver of the firm of Ramkishan Akheraj at Sehore, under Court's order dated the 14th November 1942, has reported to the Company that original certificates of six shares Nos. 44, 5005, 6270, 6811, 15348 and 15857 standing in the name of the firm of Ramkishan Akheraj, Sehore, have been lost or stolen. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest whatsoever in respect of these shares are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Company's Registered Office at 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or at the Mill Office, Indore, within two months from the publication of this notice, otherwise the claim, if any, shall be considered as waived and the duplicate certificates of the said lost shares will be issued.

GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA,
Managing and Selling Agents.
Date 20-11-1944. 1056

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Commentator in the Unit of All India Radio broadcasting to the Mid East in Pushtu. The post is temporary with a possibility of permanency.

Pay: Rs. 500-20-700.

The following qualifications are desired:

(i) a good general education, (ii) a good knowledge of current world affairs, (iii) Experience in a publicity and|or broadcasting organisation, (iv) a good command of the English language with ability to translate from English to Pushtu, (v) Interest in literary and cultural subjects, (vi) Ability to write talks and commentaries.

The candidate's mother tongue should be Pushtu. A good broadcasting voice is essential.

Age limit 35 years.

Applications should be sent to the Directorate General, All India Radio, Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, New Delhi not later than the 1st December 1944. 1053

Announcement:—

Consumers can obtain "THOMCOS" high grown TEA at the following rates:—

"THOMCOS" AA Dust 1-2-0 per lb.
"THOMCOS" Special Blend 1-3-6 per lb.
"THOMCOS" Blue T 1-4-0 per lb.

Product of **THOMCO TEA Ltd.**

Sole distributors for Bombay and Sind Presidencies:—

INDO-STRAITS LIMITED.

Beaumon Chambers,
Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telephone 30110
Telegram: "INDOSTRAIT" 1057

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Supervisor in the Pushtu Unit of All India Radio Broadcasting to the Mid East. The post is temporary, with a possibility of permanency.

Pay: Rs. 700-50-800.

The following qualifications are desired

(i) a good general education, (ii) a good knowledge of current world affairs, (iii) a first-hand knowledge of the Mid East, (iv) experience on the staff of a Publicity and|or Broadcasting organisation, (v) administrative experience and ability to handle staff, (vi) ability to write commentaries, talks and|or produce plays, features and musical programmes.

The candidate's mother tongue should be pushtu. A good broadcasting voice is essential.

Age limit 35 years.

Applications should be sent to the Director of Administration, Directorate General All India Radio Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, New Delhi not later than 1st December 1944. 1051

AUCTION SALES

Motor-cycle, "New Imperial" 1938 Model, 5 H.P., O.H.V., foot change, new battery, good tyres, in good running condition for sale by auction on Monday 20th inst., at 11-30 a.m. at BENNETT & CO., 120 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay—On view on the day of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

GET RID OF YOUR PILES
Be fit again by using
HAEMOVIN
THE BRITISH SUBSTITUTE FOR HADENSA
Ask your Chemist or Phone 22904

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT MAZAGAON 2ND CARPENTER STREET.

Under instructions from M|s. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Solicitors for Mr. James Nathaniel Heredia, Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 614 of 1942 and under the power of sale vested in him under the consent decree dated 10th September 1943 Messrs BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Thursday the 7th December 1944 at 4-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) the undermentioned property on the premises.

1. All that piece of Quit and ground tenure land admeasuring about 87 sq. yds. in 2nd Carpenter Street, with dwelling house on it bearing Municipal "E" Ward revised St. No. 3, Ward No. 6832, St. No. 9.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovementioned Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "ROYAL BUILDING" AT THE CORNER OF JANJIKAR ST. AND BENGALPURA STREET.

Under instructions from M|s. Shroff & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Fazal Rahim the owner, M|s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction To-day MONDAY, the 20th November, 1944 at 4-30 p.m. the undermentioned on the premises.

Piece of land Quit and Ground Rent tenure (now redeemed) admeasuring about 506 sq. yds. with building thereon known as "Royal Building" bearing Cadastral Survey No. 146 of Mandvi Division, Municipal "B" Ward Nos. 1563|64 and 1845 St. Nos. 2 to 10 and 92 to 95, Old Bengalpura and Janjikar St.

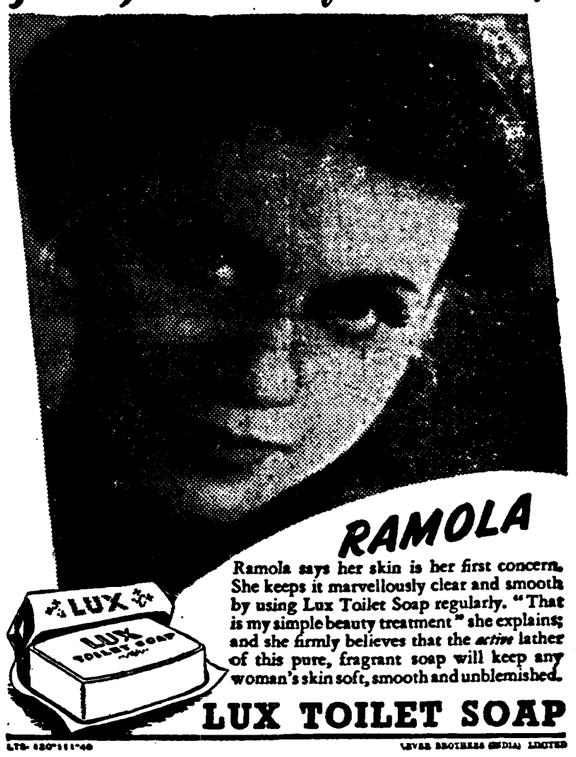
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovementioned Solicitors or the undersigned.

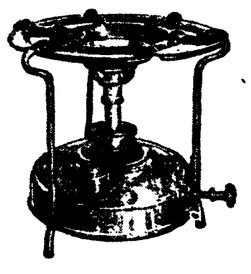
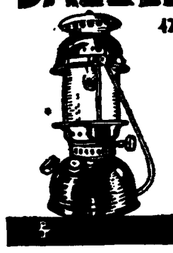
BENNETT & CO.

OFFICE REQUISITES

(ALL NICKLE PLATED)
FULL SET FOR Rs 15/- POSTAGE EXTRA
AMERICAN HARDWARE CORPORATION
P.O.B. NO. 6701, BOMBAY 21
WANTED AGENTS IN EACH CITY
DEPOT:—12, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road Bombay, 1

ASIATIC GOVT SECURITY LIFE ASSCE. Co. Ltd.
Investment
Estd. 1913.
The Principle of Life Insurance has withstood wars, Panics, Plagues and everything. As for ourselves, we have won over every obstacle. Our Foundations are stable and permanent.
Agents wanted for Bombay & Poona. Apply to:— Bombay Branch — Commissariat Bldg., Hornby Rd., Fort, Bombay.

Guard your skin as film-stars do!

RAMOLA
Ramola says her skin is her first concern. She keeps it marvellously clear and smooth by using Lux Toilet Soap regularly. "That is my simple beauty treatment" she explains; and she firmly believes that the *active* lather of this pure, fragrant soap will keep any woman's skin soft, smooth and unblemished.
LUX TOILET SOAP
LTD. 130-111-40 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Boil it for safety!
Never take risks with milk or water - the family's health is in your hands. It's a simple matter if you have a BRITEX stove in the pantry - the daily task is so quickly and comfortably done. No hot kitchen, no long wait for the fire to draw - in two minutes you have a strong steady heat-no fuel wasted because the minute the job's done the flame is extinguished.

Well over twenty thousand stoves are now being used by the army and the general public throughout India. They are proving their worth and dependability. An unsolicited certificate of merit.
Heat when and where you want it.
DAZZLE PRODUCTS LTD.
42/1, CHETLA ROAD, ALIPORE, CALCUTTA

We also manufacture Orion brand kerosine pressure lamps which have been acknowledged as the best of their kind and superior to imported goods.
DP-4

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.